

PARTICK THISTLE FC

CHILDREN'S

WELLBEING

IN SCOTTISH

FOOTBALL

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These policies, procedures and safeguards were developed under guidance from the Children's Rights and Wellbeing Office of the Scottish FA. The Scottish FA document "Children's Wellbeing in Scottish Football" was the central resource utilised in compiling this resource.

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CHILDREN'S WELLBEING IN SCOTTISH FOOTBALL

One of the Scottish FA's 'Leading the Game' 2015-17 goals in Scotland United 2020 is to introduce a children's wellbeing programme to embed safeguarding and child protection. Partick Thistle FC fully supports the development of this initiative. These policies, procedures and safeguards therefore begin this **rights-based** process of ensuring children and young people are safe when they play football. This begins with understanding and promoting their rights, raising awareness of children's wellbeing and recognising what needs to be done and the requirement to act on this when a child needs help or support.

Ultimately this will contribute to better experiences for children playing football. Regardless of age, gender, ability, ethnicity, location or their ambition to play, the goal is to ensure the consistency of a positive experience for every child. In addition to this document, there is a 3 hour Coach Education workshop that every member of Partick Thistle FC staff, involved with players under the age of 18, takes part in. Partick Thistle FC has also been a central figure in establishing the National & Club Safeguarding Officers Networks, to support all of our football family in this important area.

Gerry Britton CEO PTFC

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INTRODUCTION

A rights-based approach focuses on the undisputable human rights of each individual and our responsibility to promote, respect and protect these rights. It gives importance to **process** as well as **outcomes** and recognises the underlying determinants of children's needs, presenting issues and general wellbeing.

OVERARCHING AIM	
To embed a rights-based approach in developing children's wellbeing in Scottish Football	
PRINCIPLES	
AVAILABILITY	Regardless of where and what level a child is playing football in Scotland, we will work to ensure that their involvement in our game is considered using the Getting it Right for Every Child (GIRFEC) approach and principles, and recognising their rights will help them to flourish in football.
ACCESSIBILITY	Safeguarding practices and implementation of policy and procedures in child protection will ensure playing environments are safe and activity is appropriate to their age and stage of development.
ACCEPTABILITY	All children are respected and supported to have fun, gain enjoyment, learn and develop their football skills and better understand their wider wellbeing.
PARTICIPATION	In addition to the workings of our youth forum for shared goal setting and contributing at national, regional and community levels; individual children will benefit from their coach's capacity to engage and include their views in any setting they are involved within football.
EQUALITY AND NON-DISCRIMINATION	In increasing opportunities for all children to enjoy football, respectful behaviours will be demonstrated and discriminatory behaviours challenged by developing learning and understanding in equality and children's rights.
ACCOUNTABILITY	National and club level networks will measure, monitor and evaluate developments and progress in implementing policy and procedures in children's wellbeing, including gaining feedback and experiences from children engaged at different levels of the game.
CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT	Training and resources will support adults engaged with children in football to understand their roles and responsibilities in wellbeing, safeguarding and protecting children. These developments will ensure all children recognise their rights within football environments as part of their participation within our game.

OUTCOMES	
CHILDREN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increased promotion, support and safeguarding of wellbeing as a result of participation in football - Increased understanding of their rights and in relation to football
ALL ADULTS ENGAGED WITH CHILDREN IN SCOTTISH FOOTBALL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increased understanding of children's rights and what it means to take a rights-based approach - Increased understanding and communication within relationships of children's strengths and what they bring to football - Increased understanding of how to implement a rights-based approach improving their capacity to engage and support children playing football

EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY

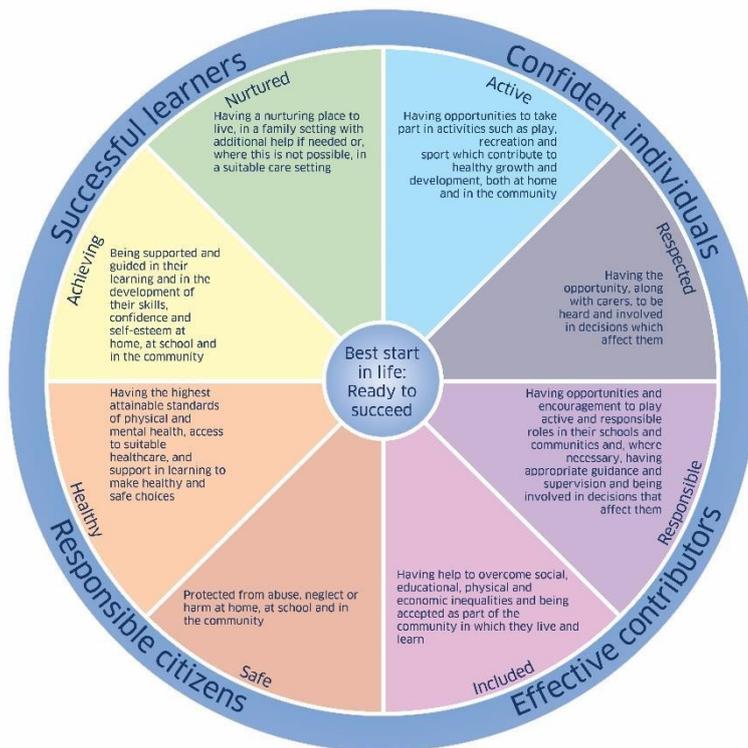
We all have a role and responsibility to promote, support and safeguard children's wellbeing in Scottish football. Ensuring a child's wellbeing at all times, includes celebrating when things have gone well, understanding a child's circumstances and forming positive relationships. Football can contribute in many different ways to a child's positive wellbeing considering the health benefits of being active, the achievements they make in gaining new skills as well as their experiences in being included and respected as part of a team.

To ensure we can respond to situations when a child needs help or support, we must firstly understand their rights and the meaning of wellbeing. Secondly, we must recognise a number of risks that exist for children in football and therefore put in place a range of safeguards that minimise these risks. These are managed and promoted by people within particular roles who receive specific training for their level of responsibility. It is necessary for this understanding and the appropriate processes to be in place if ever a child's wellbeing or need for protection is identified as a concern. Partick Thistle FC can then respond and support any child who needs help, informing the relevant agencies and organisations.

These policies, procedures and safeguards, as well as training will give us the confidence and support needed to fulfil our role and responsibility to keep children safe in football.

CHILDREN'S WELLBEING IN SCOTLAND

It is important to recognise what we mean by children's wellbeing. As part of Scotland's national approach to 'Getting it Right for Every Child' (GIRFEC), the wellbeing wheel below demonstrates the eight indicators that are believed to be essential for a child's overall wellbeing.



By having a universal language and understanding for all people that work with children, collectively we can contribute to promoting, supporting and safeguarding a child's wellbeing whether they are in an educational, health, community or sporting setting. It is essential that in Scottish football we understand these wellbeing indicators and if we are ever worried that something is impacting a child's wellbeing, we know who to share that with. As part of the 'Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014', the concept of wellbeing and the GIRFEC approach is now enshrined in law.

This Act also identifies a Named Person for every child as the point of contact to share any concerns about wellbeing, ensuring an informed and early intervention if needed. We will therefore gather these details for each child participating in football to support our contribution to share relevant information with their Named Person. (see Appendix 2 for further information on GIRFEC)

Source: <http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/People/Young-People/gettingitright/well-being>

CHILDREN'S RIGHTS POLICY STATEMENT

Partick Thistle FC is fully committed to embedding a rights-based approach in Scottish football. We recognise and work within the general principles of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) for the best interests of the child, non-discrimination, participation as well as survival and development.

For the purposes of this policy a child is recognised as someone under the age of 18 years. This policy applies to all children regardless of age, gender, sexual orientation, disability, race, religion, socio-economic status or family circumstance.

Partick Thistle FC will:

- Respect the rights of children as paramount.
- Provide opportunities for every child interested to play football to gain a positive experience.
- Include and involve children in decision making, providing opportunities for children to be heard.
- Promote and implement policies and procedures to safeguard the wellbeing of children and protect them from abuse, ensuring they know what to do and who they can speak to if they need help.
- Promote and implement policies and guidelines to prevent and respond to bullying, ensuring they know what to do and who they can speak to if they need help.
- Require members of staff, volunteers and members of the Council to adopt and abide by this policy.
- Train, support and supervise its members of staff, volunteers and members of the Council to adopt best practice in embedding children's rights in Scottish football and promoting, protecting and respecting these rights to children.
- Respond to any concerns raised where a child's rights are being denied in Scottish football.
- Regularly monitor and evaluate the implementation of this policy, these procedures and associated safeguards in developing our child-rights based approach and include children's views in this process.

Review

This policy and associated policies, procedures and safeguards will be regularly reviewed and will include children's participation and feedback on the content and actual experience of implementation as part of the review:

- In accordance with changes in legislation and guidance on children's rights or following any changes within the Partick Thistle FC
- Following any issue or concern raised about children's rights being denied within Partick Thistle FC
- In all other circumstances, at least every three years.

CHILD PROTECTION POLICY STATEMENT

Partick Thistle FC is fully committed to promoting, supporting and safeguarding the wellbeing of all children in its care. We recognise the child's rights to protection as provided in Article 19 of the UNCRF: all forms of physical or mental violence, injury and abuse, neglect or negligent treatment, maltreatment or exploitation, including sexual abuse. 'Child protection' means protecting a child from child abuse or neglect, as stated within the National Guidance for Child Protection in Scotland 2014.

For the purposes of this policy a child is recognised as someone under the age of 18 years. This policy applies to all children regardless of age, gender, sexual orientation, disability, race, religion, socio-economic status or family circumstance.

Partick Thistle FC will:

- Respect the rights of children as paramount.
- Promote the rights and wellbeing of children by providing opportunities for them to take part in football safely.
- Promote and implement appropriate procedures to safeguard the wellbeing of children and protect them from abuse, ensuring they know what to do and who they can speak to if they need help.
- Require members of staff, volunteers and members of the Council to adopt and abide by this policy and sign up to the Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children's Wellbeing.
- Safely recruit and select individuals who will be working with children to ensure appropriate measures have been taken and risk assessed when needed.
- Train, support and supervise its members of staff, volunteers and members of the Council to adopt best practice to safeguard and protect children from abuse and to reduce risks.
- Respond to any allegations of poor practice, misconduct or abuse of children in line with procedures as well as implementing, where appropriate, the relevant disciplinary and appeals procedures.
- Observe guidelines issued by local Child Protection Committees for the protection of children.
- Regularly monitor and evaluate the implementation of this policy, these procedures and associated safeguards and include children's views in this process.

Review

This policy and associated procedures will be regularly reviewed and will include children's participation and feedback on the content and actual experience of implementation as part of the review:

- In accordance with changes in legislation and guidance on the protection and safeguarding of children or following any changes within the Partick Thistle FC
- Following any issue or concern raised about the protection and safeguarding of children within the Partick Thistle FC
- In all other circumstances, at least every three years.

ANTI-BULLYING POLICY STATEMENT

Partick Thistle FC is fully committed to safeguarding the wellbeing of all children in its care. We understand that children's wellbeing can be seriously impacted by bullying behaviour. Partick Thistle FC therefore recognises the information provided for children by *respectme*, Scotland's Anti-Bullying Service: 'Bullying is never acceptable; it doesn't make a child better or stronger to get through it and it should never be seen as a normal part of growing up. Bullying is a behaviour that can make a child feel frightened, threatened, left out and hurt. Something only has to happen once to make a child feel worried or scared to go to school or other places they enjoy going'.

For the purposes of this policy a child is recognised as someone under the age of 18 years. This policy applies to all children regardless of age, gender, sexual orientation, disability, race, religion, socio-economic status or family circumstance.

Partick Thistle FC will:

- Respect the rights of children as paramount.
- Work together to develop positive relationships amongst children and adults which are mutually respectful, responsible and trusting; and promote their emotional health and wellbeing.
- Seek to prevent, reduce and respond effectively to bullying behaviour, through the implementation of this policy and guidelines.
- Require members of staff or volunteers to adopt and abide by this policy.
- Train, support and supervise its members of staff and volunteers to adopt best practice to prevent, reduce and respond to bullying.
- Address the needs of children who are bullied as well as those who bully within a framework of respect, responsibility, resolution and support.
- Respond to any concerns raised either in the experiences of children of poor practice/misconduct or abuse caused by an adult's bullying behaviour.
- Highlight bullying based on prejudice and perceived differences, to ensure our practices are effective in dealing with these issues.
- Regularly monitor and evaluate the implementation of this policy and guidelines and include children's views in this process.

Review

This Policy and guidelines will be regularly reviewed and will include children's participation and feedback on the content and actual experience of implementation as part of the review:

- In accordance with changes in guidance on anti-bullying or following any changes within the Partick Thistle FC
- Following any issue or concern raised about bullying within Partick Thistle FC
- In all other circumstances, at least every three years.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN'S WELLBEING

This Code of Conduct details the standards and practice required by all Partick Thistle FC members of staff, including verbal and non-verbal actions when involved in activities with children and young people. For the purposes of Children's Wellbeing, we include all activities within Partick Thistle FC with children and young people under the ages of 18 years old.

All concerns about breach of this Code of Conduct will be taken seriously and responded to in line with the Partick Thistle FC Procedures for Responding to Concerns about the Conduct of an Adult and/or Disciplinary.

GOOD CONDUCT

- Make football fun, enjoyable and promote fair play.
- Treat all children equally, with respect, dignity, sensitivity and fairness (Article 2, UNCRC).
- Build balanced relationships based on mutual trust.
- Put the wellbeing and best interests of each child first before winning or achieving performance goals (Article 3, UNCRC).
- Support children to understand their rights in football and the safeguards put in place to protect them.
- Include children in decisions and activities affecting them wherever possible, respecting and taking seriously the views they contribute (Article 12, UNCRC).
- Be an excellent role model including not smoking or drinking alcohol in the company of children.
- Always work in an open environment, wherever possible.
- Give enthusiastic and constructive feedback rather than negative criticism.
- Recognise the developmental needs and capacity of children.
- Involve parents/carers wherever possible.

PRACTICE TO BE AVOIDED

In the context of your role within the Partick Thistle FC, the following practice should be avoided:

- Having 'favourites' – this could lead to resentment and jealousy by other children and could be misinterpreted by others.
- Spending excessive amounts of time alone with children away from others.
- Excessive training and competition, pushing children against their will and placing undue pressure.
- Entering children's bedrooms on trips away from home, unless in an emergency situation or in the interest of health and safety. If it is necessary to enter rooms, knock and say that you are coming in. The door should remain open, if appropriate.
- Doing things of a personal nature for children that they can do for themselves.

UNACCEPTABLE CONDUCT

In the context of your role within the Partick Thistle FC, the following practices are unacceptable:

- Failing to act on, record or acknowledge allegations or concerns raised by a child.
- Allowing bullying behaviour in any form between children to go on unchallenged.
- Displaying bullying behaviour or making inappropriate comments to a child causing emotional harm.
 - Allowing children to swear or use sexualised language unchallenged.
- Engaging in sexually provocative games, including horseplay or touching a child in a sexually suggestive manner.
- Making sexually suggestive comments to a child, even in fun.
- Forming intimate emotional, physical or sexual relationships with children.
- Engaging in rough physical contact.
- Establishing inappropriate contact with children via social media either online or on mobile phones.
- Reducing a child to tears as a form of control.
- Inviting or allowing children to stay with you at your home.
- Sharing a room alone with a child.

Sign-up:

I have read and agree to abide by this Code of Conduct.

I have also read and agree to abide by Partick Thistle FC Children's Wellbeing in Scottish Football Policies, Procedures and Safeguards.

Name: _____

Witnessed by: _____

Date signed: _____

RISKS TO CHILDREN'S WELLBEING IN SCOTTISH FOOTBALL

The role of risk assessment within Partick Thistle FC in relation to promoting, supporting and safeguarding a child's wellbeing lies with the Child Protection Officer. This is completed on an annual basis and risks identified from the relevant policies, procedures and safeguards, as well as training provision. While there are numerous risks, these are assessed and acted on in different ways. It is important however to highlight some areas in particular to improve knowledge and understanding of why some risks exist and why some groups may be more vulnerable, though these examples are not exclusive.

In respect of adults, the areas include: recruitment, relationships & positions of trust and grooming.

In respect of children, the groups include: those with disabilities, those from black & ethnic communities and those in performance football.

RECRUITMENT

The risks in recruitment are around the suitability of people working with children. To ensure that we recruit individuals safely into Partick Thistle FC, the 'Procedure in the Recruitment and Selection of Members of Staff or Volunteers in Regulated Work with Children' exists and is implemented.

Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007

*All organisations have a legal responsibility to ensure that any individual who will be in regulated work with children is not listed on the Children's List, which bars them from working with children. Regulated work with children includes: caring for children; teaching, instructing, training or supervising children; being in sole charge of children; having unsupervised access to children; and being a host parent.**

Therefore in addition to the legal requirements through PVG scheme membership, Partick Thistle FC also gain references, carry out inductions and provide further training opportunities. This helps to identify and support the appropriate people to work with our young players. We also continue safeguarding checks through annual completion of self-declaration forms and three-yearly updates on PVG scheme membership during employment and involvement with the Scottish FA.

RELATIONSHIPS & POSITION OF TRUST

The power and influence a colleague, member of staff or volunteer has over someone they are coaching or looking after in football cannot be underestimated. If there is an additional competitive aspect to the activity and the older person is responsible for the young person's success or failure, then the dependency of the younger member upon the older will be increased. It is therefore vital for everyone to recognise the responsibility they must exercise in ensuring that they do not abuse their position of trust.

Genuine relationships do occur, however no intimate relationship should begin whilst the member of staff or volunteer is in a position of trust. Partick Thistle FC acknowledges that intimate relationships between teenagers take place and often no harm comes from them. However, it is also acknowledged that children who suffer abuse can do so at the hands of other children. It must be understood that the notion of 'relationships of trust' applies as much to young people who have taken on a leadership role as it does to adults involved in football.

Sexual Offences (Scotland) Act 2009

*Introduced an offence of abuse of trust applicable to “positions of trust” which involve looking after children and young people who are in full time education, detained under a court order, looked after in a hospital/ children’s home or other establishment providing social care or in foster care.**

While coaching is currently not included within this legislation, the principle applies within all positions of trust within Scottish football. Within the Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children’s Wellbeing, the section on Unacceptable Conduct includes ‘Forming intimate emotional, physical or sexual relationships with children’ which applies to all children and young people under 18 years old. Any breach of the Code of Conduct will result in disciplinary action.

UNDERSTANDING GROOMING

The majority of adults involved in Partick Thistle FC programmes with children participate with the main aim of providing a fun, positive experience for those with whom they work. However, others (though a minority) may use football as a way of gaining access to children for inappropriate reasons such as sexual abuse.

In order to gain access to children, those who commit offences often first earn the trust of people surrounding the child. This may include representatives of Partick Thistle FC, clubs, coaches and volunteers, parents and carers and other children. This process is referred to as ‘grooming.’

Those who commit offences often portray themselves as caring and trustworthy individuals so they are freely entrusted with the care of children. Once they have gained access to children, they befriend them in order to break down any pre-existing barriers. As soon as a trusting friendship has been established, they manipulate and control children into gratifying their sexual needs.

Protection of Children and Prevention of Sexual Offences (Scotland) Act 2005

*Addresses the predatory behaviour of those who “groom” children, with the aim of abusing them, by introducing an offence of “grooming”.**

Therefore any member of staff, volunteer or member of Council must report any suspicions or allegations of grooming to the Child Protection and Safeguarding Manager as within the ‘Procedures for Responding to Concerns About the Conduct of Adult’. * All references and information provided on legislation listed above has been taken from ‘10 Steps to Safeguard Children in Sport’ published online by the Safeguarding in Sport Service: <http://www.children1st.org.uk/what-we-do/ourservices/search-our-services/safeguarding-in-sport/10-steps-to-safeguard-children-in-sport/>

CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES

In line with Article 23, a child with a disability has the right to live a full and decent life in conditions that promote dignity, independence and an active role in the community. 'Disabled children are 3.4 times more likely to be abused than non-disabled children (Sullivan and Knutson 2000). Research has shown that children with communication impairments, behavioural disorders, learning disabilities and sensory impairments are particularly vulnerable'. (Stalker et al, 2010)*

Children with disabilities might be additionally vulnerable because they may:

- Depend on a number of people for care and handling, some of which can be intimate care
- Depend on the abuser for their involvement in sport
- Fear disclosing abuse or the signs of abuse can be misinterpreted as a symptom of the disability
- Have a reduced capacity to resist either verbally or physically
- Have significant communication differences - this may include very limited verbal communication or they may use sign language or other forms of non-verbal communication
- Lack a wide network of friends who support and protect them
- Lack access to peers to discover what is acceptable behaviour or unable to understand the inappropriateness of actions
- Not be believed due to negative attitudes towards children with disabilities or possible failure to recognise the impact of abuse on children with disabilities

CHILDREN FROM BLACK & ETHNIC COMMUNITIES

As a general principle of the UNCRC of non-discrimination (Article 2) and stated in Article 30 'Every child has the right to learn and use the language, customs and religion of their family whether or not these are shared by the majority of the people in the country where they live'; these rights should apply. However within wider society and football, discriminatory behaviour still exists therefore children from black and ethnic communities are additionally vulnerable because they may be:

- Experiencing racism and racist attitudes
- Experiencing racism being ignored by people in authority
- Afraid of further abuse if they challenge others
- Subjected to myths, e.g. all people of a particular culture are good with or hit their children
- Wanting to fit in and not make a fuss
- Using or learning English as a second language

CHILDREN IN PERFORMANCE FOOTBALL

A number of areas below highlight our need to protect and safeguard children from abuse and bullying at a performance level as found by Brackenridge in 2010**:

- The greatest risk of emotional and sexual abuse occurs among the highest ranked athletes
- Poor practice, emotional abuse and bullying are probably more prevalent in sport than sexual abuse
- Athletes perpetrate more sexual harassment on their peers than do coaches
- Athlete-athlete bullying is also widespread
- Coach perpetrators are often very highly qualified and very highly respected which acts as a mask for their misdemeanours

* Stalker et al (2010) 'Child protection and the needs and rights of disabled children and young people: A Scoping Report', University of Strathclyde

** Brackenridge, C.H. (2010) 'Myths and evidence – learning from our journey', keynote address to the conference 'How Safe is Your Sport' held at the Excel Sports Centre, Coventry on 25 Feb, hosted by the Coventry Sports Foundation and the NSPCC Child Protection in Sport Unit. Available at <http://bura.brunel.ac.uk/handle/2438/4177>

ANTI-BULLYING GUIDELINES

Bullying can take some children's rights away from them. There have been many different definitions and theories about what constitutes bullying, but it's not helpful to define bullying purely in terms of behaviour. Bullying is a mixture of behaviours and impacts, behaviours that can impact on a person's capacity to feel in control of themselves. This is what is termed as their sense of 'agency'. Bullying takes place in the context of relationships; it is behaviour that can make people feel hurt, threatened, frightened and left out, it strips a person of their capacity for agency.

Bullying may be seen as particularly hurtful behaviour where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. It can be a 'one-off' occurrence or repeated over a period of time, and can take many forms including children being bullied by adults, their peers and in some cases by members of their families. Bullying can be difficult to identify because it often happens away from others and those who are bullied often do not tell anyone. Bullying is not always deliberate.

Bullying behaviours can be:

- Being called names, teased, put down or threatened
- Being hit, tripped, pushed or kicked
- Having belongings taken or damaged
- Being ignored, left out or having rumours spread about you
- Receiving abusive messages, threats or comments on social media sites
- Behaviour which makes people feel like they are not in control of themselves
- Being targeted because of who you are or who you are perceived to be

When talking about bullying, it's never helpful to label children as 'bullies' or 'victims'. Labels can stick for life and can isolate a child, rather than helping them to recover or change their behaviour. It is preferable to talk about someone displaying bullying behaviour rather than label them a 'bully' – behaviour can be changed with help and support.

Support for children involved in bullying behaviour:

- Cultivate an ethos where there's an anti-bullying culture – it is especially important that adults are good role models for children.
- Take all signs and reports of bullying very seriously.
- Encourage all children to speak and share their concerns. Help those being bullied to speak out and tell a coach or adult who can support them. Create an open environment.
- Take all allegations seriously and take action to ensure the child is safe. Speak with those being bullied and those displaying bullying behaviour separately.
- Reassure the child that you can be trusted and will help them, although you can't promise to tell noone else. Explain what will happen next, and how they are going to be kept informed.
- Keep records of what is said i.e. what happened, by whom and when.

- In cases of online/electronic bullying advise children who are being bullied by text, email or online to retain the communication or to print it out. Be clear that online bullying behaviour will be treated seriously as any other form of bullying behaviour, as it can impact on both the child and football.
- Report any concerns to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer and complete a Concern Recording Form (see p27) as part of the Procedures for Responding to Concerns about a Child. (see p18).
- Talk with the child(ren) who have been displaying bullying behaviour. Explain the situation and try to get them to understand the consequences of their behaviour.
- In some cases it might be worth considering seeking an apology from those involved in bullying behaviour (for example where those on the receiving end wish reconciliation). Apologies are only of real value however, when they are genuine.
- Be sensitive and use good judgement when it comes to informing parents/carers of those whose negative behaviour is impacting on others. Put the child at the centre – will telling the parents/carers result in more problems for the child? What are the child's views on parents/carers knowing?
- If appropriate, insist on the return of 'borrowed' items.
- Aim to restore positive relationships and only consider imposing consequences as necessary, e.g. exclusion from the team or particular activity until behaviour standards are improved.
- Encourage and support those displaying bullying behaviour to change this behaviour. Ask them to consider the impact their actions are having.
- Keep a written record of action taken.

These guidelines have been informed and developed with support from respectme, their publication 'Bullying in Scotland 2014' and the National Approach to Anti-Bullying for Scotland's Children and Young People, Scottish Government 2010. Copyright remains with respectme and we acknowledge all and any material taken from www.respectme.org.uk.

PROCEDURE FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT A CHILD

Children have the right to say what they think in all matters affecting them and to have their views taken seriously (Article 12, UNCRC). This must be at the forefront of any concerns that are raised about a child. Their views must be considered based on the age and maturity of each child. They also have a right to privacy (Article 16, UNCRC) which is also important to consider when assessing if and at what stage information is shared and who with.

These procedures apply to all members of staff or volunteers involved in Partick Thistle FC activities with children under 18 years old.

1. Best interests of the child

Partick Thistle FC is committed to working in partnership with parents/carers whenever there are concerns about a child. Parents/carers have the primary responsibility for the safety and wellbeing of their children.

Where concerns are raised about a child, this will be considered in line with the wellbeing indicators and *may* be discussed with parents/carers. For example, if a child seems withdrawn, he/she may have experienced an upset in the family, such as a parental separation, divorce or bereavement. Common sense is advised in these situations and the best interests of the child will be considered as to what is the best support for each individual child. Children will be asked who they feel is suitable to be informed and when relevant, consent gained from the child.

Confidentiality will not be maintained if it is assessed that a child is at risk or their wellbeing is being impacted in such a way that their right to be protected becomes more significant. Any incidents which cause concern about the wellbeing of a child should be recorded on the Concern Recording Form (see p27) and reported to Partick Thistle FC Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer as soon as possible. In line with early intervention, the principles of the Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014 and the Getting it Right for Every Child approach, appropriate and proportionate information may be shared with the child's Named Person.

2. Information regarding a concern about a child

Members of staff may be informed in different ways with regards to details of a concern about a child. This may be a direct disclosure by the child. In this situation follow section 4 in responding to that disclosure. The details may become clear due to the observation of a child, which is perhaps demonstrated in a change in their behaviour, appearance or nature. A third option could be information that is shared from another individual or organisation. A concern or possible abuse of a child may be observed by another child or adult.

Depending on the nature of the concern, observations or information from others, this may not need to be discussed with the child, instead the information recorded then reported. Advice should be sought from the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer if there is any uncertainty about the appropriate course of action where there are concerns about a child's wellbeing which can be discussed by anonymising the child, therefore maintaining confidentiality if appropriate.

If the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer is not available and an immediate response is required, the police and social work services must be contacted. They have a statutory responsibility for the protection of children and they may already hold other concerning information about the child. Record any advice given, actions taken and the response by other agencies. At the earliest opportunity thereafter the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer should be informed and the child's Named Person notified. Where Partick

Thistle FC has a service level agreement in place with a local authority, the members of staff based in these local authorities under the Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014 have a legal duty to share information with the child's a Named Person.

3. Concerns affecting a child's wellbeing

If a concern about a child is identified that affects one or more of their eight wellbeing indicators (SAFE, HEALTHY, ACTIVE, NURTURED, ACHIEVING, RESPECTED, RESPONSIBLE, INCLUDED), complete Part A of the Concern Recording Form.

When information is being recorded about a child, it is important that the child understands why we are recording their details and gain their consent where possible for further reporting of the concern. If a child recognises that people can help and support, and that this is the purpose of their details being shared, they will be more included and informed of the processes.

Where there is information or details in relation to the conduct an adult affecting a child's wellbeing, this should be recorded in Part B of the Concern Recording Form.

4. Child's right to be protected

Where the concern about a child's wellbeing suggests they are in need of protection, the information must be passed on with or without their consent for the purposes of their protection. Allegations of abuse must always be taken seriously. ***No member of Partick Thistle FC shall investigate allegations of abuse or decide whether or not a child has been abused.*** False allegations are very rare. If a child says or indicates they are being abused or information is obtained which gives concern that a child is being abused, the information must be responded to on the same day in line with the following procedure.

What to Do if a Child Discloses Abuse

4.1 Respond

- React calmly so as not to frighten the child.
- Listen to the child and take what they say seriously. Do not show disbelief.
- Reassure the child they are not to blame and were right to tell someone.
- Be aware of interpreting what a child says, especially if they have learning or physical disabilities which affect their ability to communicate or English is not their first language.
- Do not assume that the experience was bad or painful - it may have been neutral or even pleasurable.
 - Avoid projecting your own reactions onto the child.
- Avoid asking any questions. If necessary only ask enough questions to gain basic information to establish the *possibility* that abuse may have occurred. Only use open-ended, non-leading questions e.g. What? When? Where? Who?
- Do not introduce personal information from either your own experiences or those of other children.

Avoid:

- Panicking.
- Showing shock or distaste.
- Probing for more information than is offered.

- Speculating or making assumptions.
- Making negative comments about the person against whom the allegation has been made.
- Approaching the individual against whom the allegation has been made.
- Making promises or agreeing to keep secrets and giving a guarantee of confidentiality.

If you are concerned about the *immediate* safety of the child:

Take whatever action is required to ensure the child's immediate safety.

Pass the information immediately to the police and seek their advice.

4.2 Record

Make a written record of the information as soon as possible using the Concern Recording Form completing as much of the form as possible. It is important that we include the contact details of the child's Named Person which will have been collated within their Partnership with Parents/Carers Form (see p44) or appropriate parental consent form.

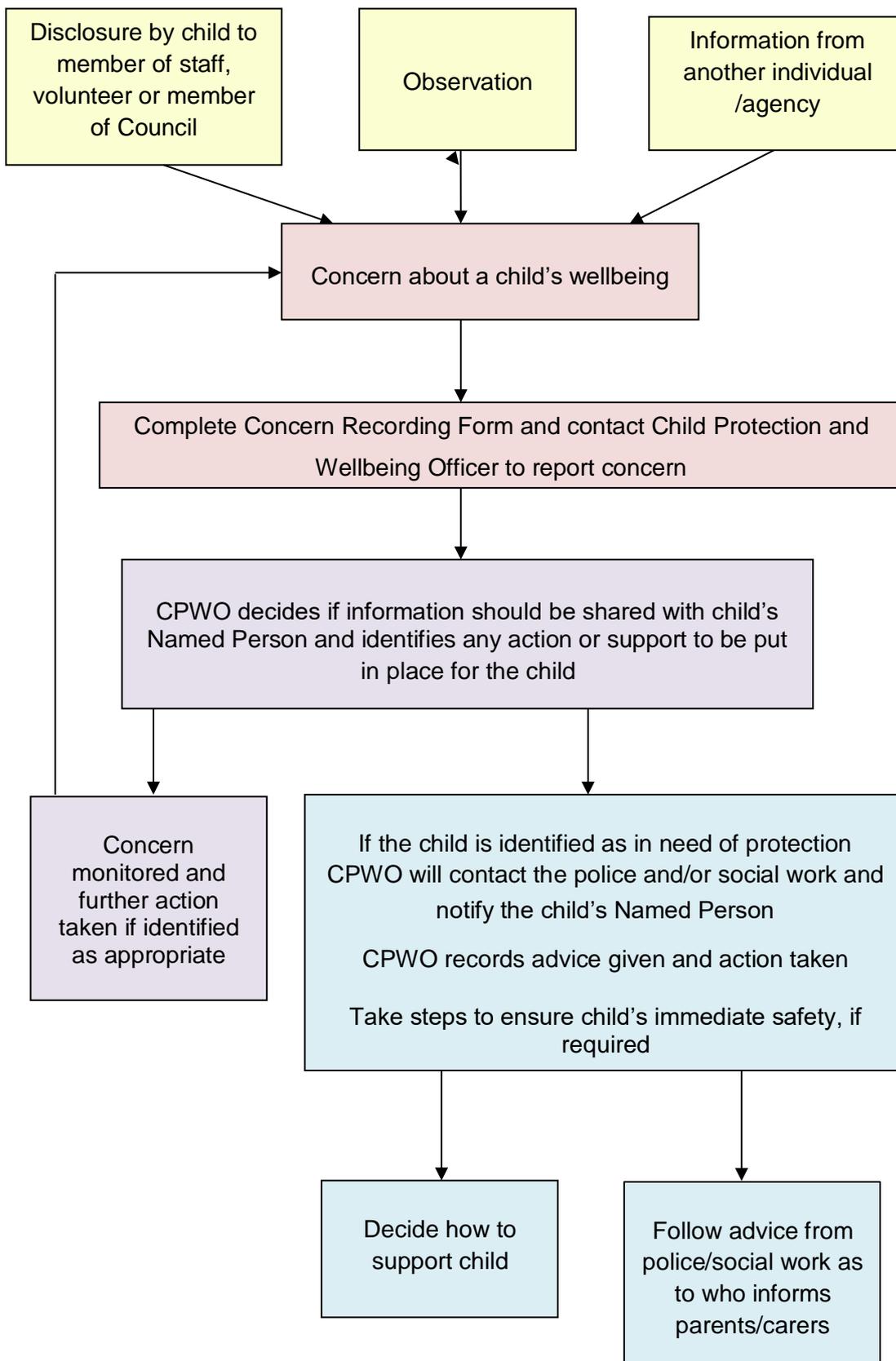
4.3 Report

Contact the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer to report the concern then email the completed form to childrenswellbeing@ptfc.co.uk as soon as possible after completion; do not delay by attempting to obtain information to complete all sections. Please do not keep any electronic, printed or written versions of this form. It is important to maintain confidentiality to delete or shred as soon as the information has been passed on.

4.3 Sharing Concerns with Parents/Carers

Where there are concerns that the parents/carers may be responsible for or have knowledge of the abuse, sharing concerns with the parents/carers may place the child at further risk. ***In such cases advice must always firstly be sought from the police/social work services or Named Person as to who informs the parents/carers.***

PROCEDURE FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT A CHILD FLOWCHART



PROCEDURE FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT THE CONDUCT OF AN ADULT

In all cases where there are concerns about the conduct of an adult towards a child, the best interests and wellbeing of the child will be the paramount consideration. These procedures aim to ensure that all concerns about the conduct of an adult are dealt with in a timely, appropriate and proportionate manner. No member of staff, volunteer or member of the council in receipt of information that causes concern about the conduct of an adult towards children shall keep that information to himself or herself, or attempt to deal with the matter on their own.

At any point in responding to concerns about the conduct of an adult, advice may be sought from the police or social work services.

1. Initial Reporting of Concerns

Any concerns for the wellbeing of a child arising from the conduct of an adult must be reported to the Partick Thistle FC Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer on the day the concern arises, as soon as practically possible.

Where the concern is about the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer it must be reported to the Managing Director or the Academy Director. In this situation, they will then take on the role and responsibilities as listed below of the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer

2. Recording and Reporting

Concerns must be recorded using the Concern Recording Form (see p 27) as soon as possible. Contact the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer to report the concern then email the completed form to childrenswellbeing@ptfc.co.uk as soon as possible after completion; do not delay by attempting to obtain information to complete all sections. Please do not keep any electronic, printed or written versions of this form. It is important to maintain confidentiality to delete or shred as soon as the information has been passed on.

All subsequent actions taken and reasons for decisions shall be recorded (in the order in which they happened). These records should be signed and dated by the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer. Where Partick Thistle FC Disciplinary Procedures are invoked for members of staff or volunteers, a written record will be made of all actions and reasons for decision.

3. Establishing the Basic Facts

Once the concerns have been reported, the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer will:

- Establish the basic facts.
- Conduct an initial assessment of the facts in order to determine the appropriate course of action.
- Consult external agencies such as the police and social work services for advice at any time. This is important because they may hold other important information which, when considered alongside the current concerns, builds a significant picture of concern.

4. Conducting the Initial Assessment

The Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer will conduct the initial assessment.

The purpose of the initial assessment is to clarify the nature and context of the concerns. It should determine if the adult's conduct was inappropriate behaviour, serious poor practice/misconduct or whether there is reasonable cause to suspect an adult's behaviour and conduct has been criminal. Every situation is unique so guidance cannot be prescriptive.

- Where the established facts support a concern of criminal behaviour, the initial assessment will not form part of the disciplinary investigation.
- Subject to the nature and seriousness of the situation, if it is not clear at this stage whether a criminal offence may have been committed, the member of staff or volunteer *may* be approached as part of the information gathering process.
- Where the nature and seriousness of the information suggests that a criminal offence *may* have been committed, or that to assess the facts may jeopardise evidence, advice will be sought from the police before the member of staff or volunteer Council is approached.
- An initial assessment of the basic facts may require the need to ask a child some basic, open-ended, non-leading questions *solely with a view to clarifying the basic facts*. It may also be necessary to ask similar basic questions of other children, or other appropriate individuals.
- Interviewing children about possible abuse and criminal offences is the sole remit of specially trained police officers and social workers. Questioning of children by those conducting an initial assessment should always be avoided as far as possible. If it is necessary to speak to the child in order to clarify the basic facts, best practice suggests that consent from the parent/carer be obtained.

Possible outcomes of initial assessment:

- (i) No further action (facts do not substantiate complaint).
- (ii) Situation is dealt with under the Partick Thistle FC Disciplinary Procedures for members of staff and volunteers
- (iii) Child protection investigation (jointly by police and social work services).
- (iv) Criminal investigation (by the police). The results of a criminal investigation may well influence the disciplinary investigation, but not in all cases.
- (v) Civil proceedings (by the child/family who raised the concern).

5. Initial Assessment Supports Concerns about Poor Practice and/or Misconduct

The Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer will deal with the concern in line with the Partick Thistle FC Disciplinary Procedures for members of staff and volunteers. In the event of an investigation into the conduct of a member of staff or volunteer all actions will be informed by the principles of natural justice:

- They will be made aware of the nature of concern.
- They will be given an opportunity to put forward their case.
- Partick Thistle FC will act in good faith, ensuring the matter is dealt with impartially and as quickly as possible in the circumstances.

Pending the outcome of any investigation, precautionary suspension will be considered in all cases where there is significant concern about the conduct of a member of staff, volunteer or member of the Council towards children. Any impact on a child's wellbeing caused by an adult's poor practice and/or misconduct will be passed on to the child's Named Person.

6. Initial Assessment Supports Concerns about Possible Criminal Behaviour

Where the initial assessment of information gives reasonable cause to suspect an adult's behaviour and conduct has been a criminal offence, the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer will report the concerns to the police as soon as possible on the day the information is received. The Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer will make a written record of the name of the police officer to whom the concerns were passed together with the time and date of the call, in case any follow up is required.

Referrals to the police will be confirmed in writing by the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer within 24 hours. A copy of the Concern Recording Form should be provided to the police on request. Appropriate steps will be taken to ensure the safety of the child(ren) or who may be at risk. The parents/carers of the child(ren) involved will be informed as soon as possible following advice from the police. Any impact on a child's wellbeing caused by an adult's possible criminal behaviour will be passed on to the child's Named Person.

Advice will firstly be obtained from the police about informing the member of staff or volunteer involved in the concerns. If the advice is to inform them, they will be told that information has been received which may suggest an allegation of abuse or possible criminal offence. As the matter will be *sub judice* (i.e. under judicial consideration) no details will be given unless advised by the police. All actions will ensure the best evidence is preserved for any criminal proceedings while at the same time safeguarding the rights of the member of staff, volunteer or member of the Council.

Partick Thistle FC will take all reasonable steps to support a member of staff, volunteer or member of the Council against whom a concern has been raised.

7. Precautionary Suspension

Suspension is not a form of disciplinary action. The member of staff or volunteer involved may be suspended whilst an investigation is carried out. Suspension will be carried out by the Managing Director in accordance with Partick Thistle FC Disciplinary Procedures. At the suspension interview the member of staff or volunteer will be informed of the reason for suspension (within the confines of sharing information) and given the opportunity to make a statement – which will be recorded – should they wish to do so.

Notification of the suspension and the reasons will be conveyed in writing to the member of staff or volunteer in accordance with the Partick Thistle FC Disciplinary Procedures.

8. Disciplinary Investigation

An ongoing criminal investigation does not necessarily rule out disciplinary action. However, any action taken must not jeopardise the criminal investigation. Advice must be taken from the police on this. Sufficient information should be available to enable the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer to make a decision whether to go ahead with disciplinary action.

9. False or Malicious Allegations

In exceptional circumstances where an investigation establishes an allegation or concern raised is false, unfounded or malicious:

- The member of staff or volunteer involved will receive an account of the circumstances and/or investigation and a letter confirming the conclusion of the matter. They may wish to seek legal advice.
- All records pertaining to the circumstances and investigation shall be kept confidentially.
- The Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer will take all reasonable steps to support the individual in this situation.
- In these circumstances Partick Thistle FC will review the child's participation in football. It will be appropriate to have a discussion with the child (with parental/carer permission) in determining their views and opinions.
- Data collected for the investigation will be destroyed in accordance with the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998.

10. Historical Allegations of Abuse

Allegations of abuse may be made some time after the event e.g. an adult who was abused as a child by someone who is still currently working with children. These procedures will be followed in the event of an allegation of historical abuse.

11. Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007

a) Partick Thistle FC will refer to Disclosure Scotland the case of any member of staff or volunteer who (whether or not in the course of their role with Partick Thistle FC) has:

- harmed a child
- placed a child at risk of harm
- engaged in inappropriate conduct involving pornography
- engaged in inappropriate conduct of a sexual nature involving a child, or given inappropriate medical treatment to a child.

AND as a result:

1. Partick Thistle FC has dismissed the member of staff or volunteer.
2. The member of staff or volunteer would have been dismissed as a result of the incident had they not resigned, retired or been made redundant.
3. Partick Thistle FC has transferred the member of staff or volunteer to a position in Partick Thistle FC which is not regulated work with children.
4. The member of staff or volunteer would have been dismissed or considered for dismissal where employment or volunteer role was not due to end at the expiry of a fixed term contract; or,
5. The member of staff or volunteer would have been dismissed or considered for dismissal had the contract not expired.

Partick Thistle FC will also refer the case of a member of staff or volunteer where information becomes available after the member of staff or volunteer has:

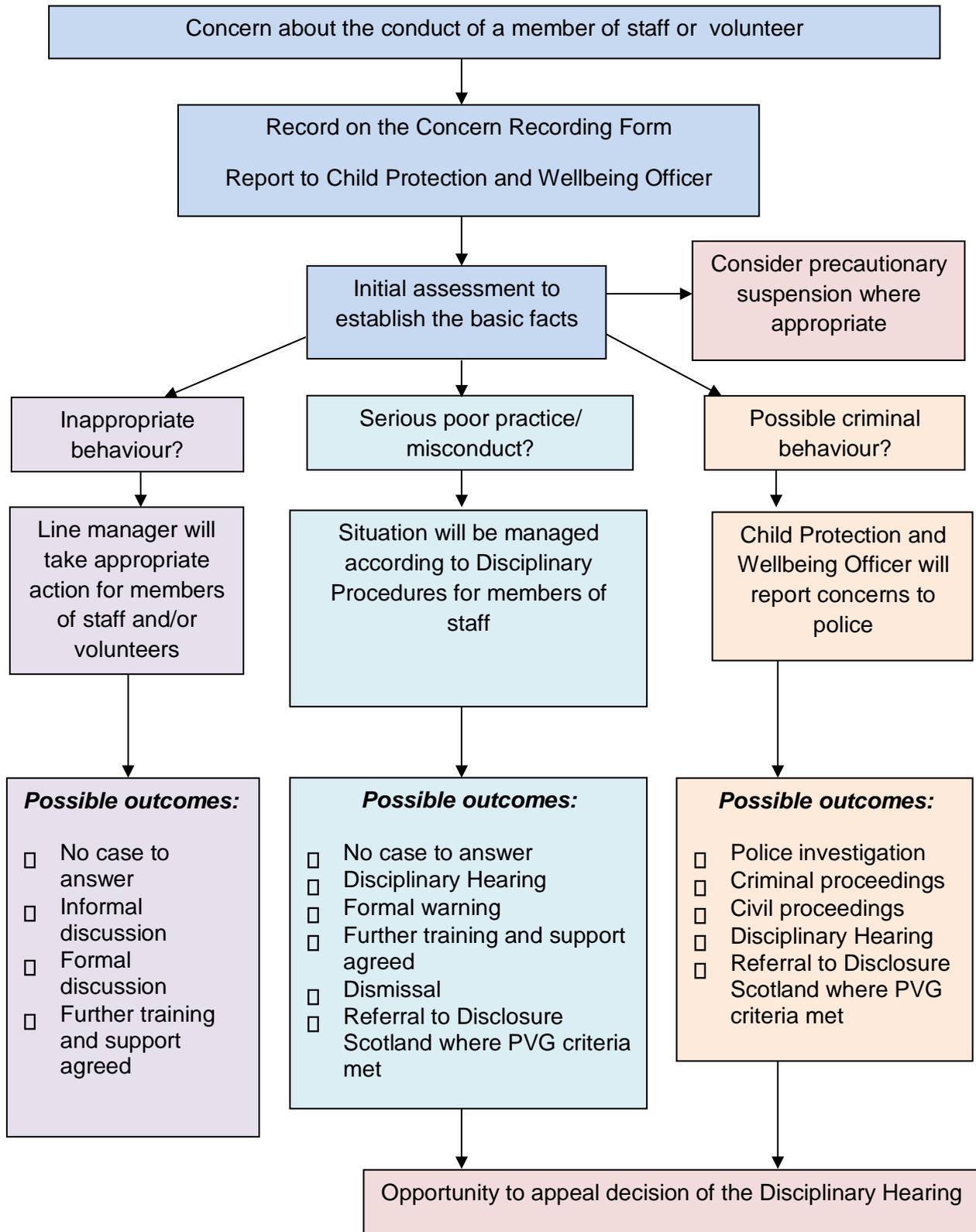
- been dismissed by Partick Thistle FC,
- resigned, retired or been made redundant,
- been transferred to another position in Partick Thistle FC which is not regulated work with children; and,
- where Partick Thistle FC receives information that a member of staff or volunteer who holds a position of regulated work has been listed on the Children's List, the member of staff or volunteer will be removed from the regulated work with children post.

b) If Disclosure Scotland notifies Partick Thistle FC that a member of staff or volunteer is considered for listing that individual will be suspended as a precaution until the outcome of the case is determined. Precautionary suspension is not a form of disciplinary action and does not involve pre-judgment. In all cases of suspension the best interests and wellbeing of children will be the paramount consideration.

c) If Disclosure Scotland informs Partick Thistle FC that an individual is barred, that member of staff or volunteer will be removed from regulated work with children immediately in line with the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007.

12. Media

PROCEDURE FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT THE CONDUCT OF AN ADULT FLOWCHART



CONCERN RECORDING FORM

This form must be completed as soon as possible after receiving information that causes a concern. Contact **the Child and Wellbeing officer at Partick Thistle Football Club at childrenswellbeing@ptfc.co.uk** to report the concern as soon as possible. Do not delay by attempting to obtain information to complete all sections of the Concern Recording Form. [Please do not keep any printed or written versions of this form.] It is important to maintain confidentiality to delete or shred as soon as the information has been passed on.

Complete Part A where the concern relates to the wellbeing of a child and/or Part B where the concern relates to the conduct of an adult towards a child. In all cases, complete Part C to provide your contact information.

PART A – WHERE THERE ARE CONCERNS ABOUT THE WELLBEING OF A CHILD

(SAFE, HEALTHY, ACTIVE, NURTURED, ACHIEVING, RESPECTED, RESPONSIBLE, INCLUDED)

1. Child's Details

Name:	Date of Birth:
Address:	Tel No:
Post Code:	
Child's Named Person:	Named Person Tel No:
Preferred Language:	Is an interpreter required? YES / NO
Any Additional Needs?	

2. Details of situation giving rise to Concerns

(including date, time, location, nature of concern, who, what, where, when, why)

3. Details of any witnesses/other people involved

(including names, addresses and telephone contacts)

4. Details of any injuries

(including all injuries sustained, location of injury and action taken)

5. Child's views on situation (if expressed). Where possible, please use the child's own words.

PART B – WHERE THERE ARE CONCERNS ABOUT THE CONDUCT OF AN ADULT

6. Details of adult where there are concerns about their conduct

Name:	Tel No:
Address:	Relationship to Child:
Post Code:	

7. Details of concerns

(including date, time, location, nature of concern, who, what, where, when, why, continue on a separate sheet if necessary)

8. Details of any action taken

9. Details of agencies contacted

(including date, time, name of person contacted and advice received)

10. Have the child's parents/carers been informed? YES / NO (delete as appropriate)

If yes, record details / If no, please state why not

PART C – YOUR CONTACT INFORMATION

11. Details of Person Recording Concerns

Name:	Tel No:
Address:	Position/Role:
Post Code:	

Signed: _____

Date: _____

REVIEW OF THE MANAGEMENT OF CONCERNS PROCEDURE

Planning the review.

Set out the remit, aim and purpose of carrying out the review. The Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer should help identify a person to carry out the review and in some circumstances, this may be appropriate to have an independent person. In this case, confidentiality must be maintained. Agree a timescale and format for completing the review.

Establish the facts of the case, a chronology of events and the roles of individuals and organisations involved.

Set out the actual sequence of events to help to understand what happened, when, and who was involved.

Identify any issues or key questions relating to the aims of the review.

Having established the sequence of events the reviewer should then be able to answer the questions contained in the specific remit of the review. If the reviewer considers that a child may still be at risk despite action taken during the case or as a result of the Partick Thistle FC's failure to take appropriate action, they should be prepared to act. Any urgent issues should be addressed immediately without waiting for the conclusion of the review.

Identify any other relevant points or observations and complete review.

The reviewer may identify issues which are worth exploring further. These may include:

PROCEDURES

- Were the relevant procedures followed?
- If not, is there a reasonable explanation for this?
- Were the timescales appropriate?
- Do the current procedures provide adequate information about what to do in such a situation? • If appropriate, was a referral made to Disclosure Scotland as required by the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007?
- CYP 2014 Information Sharing to named person?

OUTCOMES

- Was the outcome appropriate in the case?
- If not, why not?
- Is there a need to take further action in this case; for example, referring the case to police/social work?

PEOPLE

- Were the right people involved? • Were the views of the child/family obtained?
- Were those involved aware of the procedures? • Had the people involved been trained on the procedures?
- Where appropriate, were external organisations involved; for example, the police or social work?

RECORDING

- Were records kept?
- Is the quality of the information recorded satisfactory?
- Can the forms be improved?

Respond to anything identified within the review.

On completion of the review, any learning, training needs or update to policy and procedures must be addressed and responded to within an agreed timescale. Where appropriate, outcomes of the review should then be shared for wider learning or specific improvements to particular activities.

SAFEGUARDS

The following safeguards are a combination of best practice and guidelines to support children and adults in a range of situations. Their purpose is to minimise risks that have been identified through previous experience and risk assessment. Not every situation can be prepared for however the following are circumstances which need an informed approach and common sense applied. These include:

BEHAVIOURS:

- Managing Behaviour
- Physical Contact
- Sexual Activity

CELEBRATION & COMMUNICATION:

- Photographs, Film and Video
- ICT & Social Media

Recognising that circumstances will always be different, these safeguards provide generic advice which can be applied as appropriately considered by the member of staff, volunteer or member of council who is responsible at a particular time or in preparation of a specific activity.

CHILDREN'S HEALTH:

- First Aid and Treatment of Injuries
- Responding to Allergies

PLANNING & ORGANISATION:

- Adult to Child Ratios
- Collection by Parents/Carers
- Safe Use of Changing Facilities
- Transporting Children
- Trips Away from Home (Including Overnight Stays)

BEHAVIOURS

MANAGING BEHAVIOUR

From time to time members of staff and volunteers delivering football to children may be required to deal with a child's behaviour that they find challenging. These guidelines aim to promote good practice which can help support children to manage their own behaviour. They suggest some strategies and sanctions which can be used and also identify unacceptable actions or interventions which must *never* be used by members of staff or volunteers.

These guidelines are based on the following principles:

- The welfare of the child is the paramount consideration.
- A risk assessment should be completed for all activities which take into consideration the needs of all children involved in the activity.
- Children must never be subject to any form of treatment that is harmful, abusive, humiliating or degrading and should always be able to maintain their respect and dignity.
- No member of staff or volunteer should attempt to respond to behaviour by using techniques for which they have not been trained. *Planning Activities*

Good coaching practice requires planning sessions around the group as a whole but also involves taking into consideration the needs of each individual player within that group. As part of a risk assessment, coaches should consider whether any members of the group have presented challenges in the past or are likely to present any difficulties in relation to the tasks involved, the other participants or the environment.

Where members of staff and volunteers identify any potential risks, strategies to manage those risks should be agreed in advance of the session, event or activity. The risk assessment should also identify the appropriate number of adults required to safely manage and support the session including being able to adequately respond to any behaviour and to safeguard other members of the group and the members of staff and volunteers involved.

All those delivering activities to children should receive training on these guidelines and should be supported to address issues of behaviour through regular supervision.

Agreeing Acceptable and Unacceptable Behaviours

Staff, volunteers, children and parents/carers should be involved in developing an agreed statement of what constitutes acceptable and unacceptable behaviour. They should also agree upon the range of options which may be applied in response to unacceptable behaviour (e.g. dropped from the team for one game etc). This can be done at the start of the season, in advance of a trip away from home or as part of a welcome session.

Issues of behaviour and control should regularly be discussed with members of staff, volunteers, parents/carers and children in the context of rights and responsibilities. It is beneficial to ask children as a group to set out what behaviour they find acceptable and unacceptable within their group or team. It is also helpful to ask them what the consequences of breaking the 'agreement' should be. Experience shows that they will tend to come up with a sensible and working 'agreement'. If and when such a list is compiled, every member of the group can be asked to sign it, as can new members as they join. It can then be beneficial to have a copy of the 'agreement' visible for reference during the activity.

Managing Behaviour

In dealing with children who display risk-taking or unacceptable behaviours, members of staff and volunteers might consider the following options:

- Time out - from the activity, group or individual work.
- Making up - the act or process of making amends.
- Payback - the act of giving something back.
- Behavioural reinforcement - rewards for good behaviour, consequences for negative behaviour.
- Calming the situation - talking through with the child.
- Increased supervision by members of staff and volunteers.
- Use of individual 'contracts' or agreements for their future or continued participation.
- Consequences e.g. missing an activity.

Adults and children shall never be permitted to use any of the following as a means of managing a child's behaviour:

- Physical punishment or the threat of such.
- The withdrawal of communication with the child.

- Being deprived of food, water or access to changing facilities or toilets.
- Verbal intimidation, ridicule or humiliation.

Members of staff and volunteers should review the needs of any child on whom consequences are frequently imposed. This review should involve the child and parents/carers to ensure an informed decision is made about the child's future or continued participation in the group or team. Whilst it would always be against the wishes of everyone involved in Partick Thistle FC, ultimately, if a child continues to present a high level of risk or danger to him or herself, or others, he or she may not be able to continue participating.

Physical Interventions

The use of physical interventions should always be avoided unless it is absolutely necessary in order to prevent a child injuring themselves, injuring others or causing serious damage to property. All forms of physical intervention shall form part of a broader approach to the management of behaviour.

Physical contact to prevent something happening should always be the result of conscious decision-making and not a reaction. Before physically intervening, the member of staff or volunteer should ask themselves, 'Is this the only option in order to manage the situation and ensure safety?'

The following must always be considered:

- Contact should be avoided with buttocks, genitals and breasts. Members of staff and volunteers should never behave in a way which could be interpreted as sexual.
- Any form of physical intervention should achieve an outcome that is in the best interests of the child whose behaviour is of immediate concern.
- Members of staff and volunteers should consider the circumstances, the risks associated with employing physical intervention compared with the risks of not employing physical intervention.
- The scale and nature of physical intervention must always be proportionate to the behaviour of the child and the nature of harm/damage they might cause.
- All forms of physical intervention should employ only a reasonable amount of force - the minimum force needed to avert injury to a person or serious damage to property – applied for the shortest period of time.
- Members of staff and volunteers should never employ physical interventions which are deemed to present an unreasonable risk to children or adults.
- Members of staff and volunteers shall never use physical intervention as a form of punishment.

Any physical intervention used should be recorded as soon as possible after the incident by the member of staff and/or volunteers involved using the Concern Recording Form (see p27), reported to and passed to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer as soon as possible. In terms of wellbeing indicators, safety and any others in relation to the circumstances would be highlighted in terms of their behaviour risking their wellbeing.

A timely debrief for members of staff and volunteers, the child and parents/carers should always take place following an incident where physical intervention has been used. This should include ensuring that the physical and emotional wellbeing of those involved has been addressed and ongoing support offered where necessary. Members of staff and volunteers, children and parents/carers should be given an opportunity to talk about what happened in a calm and safe environment. There should also be a discussion with the child and parents/carers about the child's needs and continued safe participation in the group, team or activity.

PHYSICAL CONTACT

All forms of physical contact should respect and be sensitive to the needs and wishes of the child and should take place in a culture of dignity and respect for all children. Children should be encouraged to express their views on physical contact.

In the first instance, coaching techniques should be delivered by demonstration (either by the coach or a player who can display the technique being taught). Educational instruction should be clearly explained with a description of how it is proposed to handle or have contact with the child before doing so. This should be accompanied by asking if the child is comfortable. Manual support should be provided openly and must always be proportionate to the circumstances.

If it is necessary to help a child with personal tasks e.g. toileting or changing, the child and parents/carers should be encouraged to express a preference regarding the support and should be encouraged to speak out about methods of support with which they are uncomfortable. Members of staff and volunteers should work with parents/carers and children to develop practiced routines for personal care so that parents/carers and children know what to expect.

Do not take on the responsibility for tasks for which you are not appropriately trained e.g. manual assistance for a child with a physical disability.

SEXUAL ACTIVITY

Within football, as within other activities, sexual relationships do occur. It is important to address sexual activity both between children and between adults and children.

Sexual activity between children involved in football is prohibited during team events, in facilities and social activities organised by Partick Thistle FC. Inappropriate or criminal sexual behaviour committed by a child may lead to the information being shared with the child's Named Person and may lead to reports being made to external agencies such as the police or social services.

Sexual interactions between adults and children (16+) involved in football raise serious issues given the power imbalance inherent in the relationship. Where a child is of the age of consent, the power of the adult over that child may influence their ability to genuinely consent to sexual activity. A coach or other adult in a position of authority may have significant power or influence over a child's career.

Sexual activity between adults and children (16+) involved in football is prohibited when the adult is in a position of trust or authority (coach, trainer, official) where they have signed the Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children's Wellbeing. Inappropriate or criminal sexual behaviour committed by an adult will lead to suspension and disciplinary action in accordance with Partick Thistle FC Disciplinary Procedures, which in the case of criminal behaviour must include contacting the police.

Sexual activity between adults and children under the age of 16 is a criminal act and immediate action must be taken to report it to the police.

CELEBRATION & COMMUNICATION

SAFE USE OF IMAGES FOR U18 PLAYERS

Photographs, films and video clips can be used to celebrate achievements, promote activities and keep people updated. Footage is also recorded for performance development and analysis reasons. The aim of these guidelines is not to curb such activity but to ensure that children are protected from those who would seek to take or manipulate photos and video footage in a way that harms children or places them at risk of harm.

- Partick Thistle FC will take all reasonable steps to promote the safe use of photographing and filming at all events and activities with which it is associated. However, Partick Thistle FC has no power to prevent individuals photographing or filming in public places.
- Partick Thistle FC reserves the right at all times to prohibit the use of photography, film or video at any event or activity with which it is associated.

PERMISSION

Children and their parents/carers will be informed that the child may, from time to time, be photographed or filmed whilst participating in football. This could be for one of the following reasons:

- (i) Video footage for performance development
 - (ii) Media coverage of an event or achievement
 - (iii) Promotional purposes e.g. website or publication
- Written consent must be obtained from the child's parents/carers for children under 16 years old before any photography or filming takes place which can be captured on a Consent Form - U18 Players.
 - This consent will also be used for any accredited or professional photographers taking and using images of U18 players within the Partick Thistle FC.
 - Special care must be taken in relation to vulnerable children e.g. child fleeing domestic violence or a child with a disability, and consideration given to whether publication or use of the photographs/film would place the child at risk.
 - Young players who have a public profile as a result of their achievements are entitled to the same protection as all other children. In these cases, common sense is required when implementing these guidelines. All decisions should reflect the best interests of the child.

USE OF IMAGES AND INFORMATION

1. GENERAL:

- No unsupervised access or one-to-one photography or video sessions will be allowed unless this has been explicitly agreed with the child and their parents/carers.
- All photographic / videoing equipment must be switched off prior to going into changing rooms.
- No photographing or filming will be permitted in changing areas, bathrooms or sleeping areas.
- All images and accompanying information will ensure only appropriate personal details are shared publicly.
- When seeking to create action images try to focus on the activity rather than the individual.

- When seeking celebration images try to take group images rather than individual images.
- Ensure all those featured are appropriately dressed (a minimum of shirt and shorts).
- Images will not be shared with external agencies unless express permission is obtained from the child and their parents/carers.

2. TAKING OF IMAGES:

- All players, parents/carers and Partick Thistle FC members of staff should sign to agree that they will follow and enforce these guidelines.
- During training members of staff will use Partick Thistle FC equipment only for the purposes to taking photographs or video for player development or performance analysis. There should be no personal use of equipment, including mobile phones by anyone.
- External agencies need permission from the Partick Thistle FC to take any images during the training environment.
- For promotional, marketing or social networking use of images for Partick Thistle FC publications or online, members of staff will use Partick Thistle FC equipment only.
- For both safety and safeguarding reasons, players should not use mobile phones, tablets or photographic/videoing equipment during training or at match/event activities.
- Where images of U18 players are taken, agreement and arrangements can be in place for players and their parents/carers to be given copies but confirm not to upload any of these images or videos to their own or their child's social media or online platforms.
- The Partick Thistle FC may seek publicity to positively promote football, and elite young players receiving endorsements or sponsorship may well welcome positive media coverage on a local, regional or national level. It is important for these players, their parents/carers and media representatives to be clear about appropriate arrangements and ground rules for interviews, filming and photo sessions.

3. MATCHES / EVENTS:

- Any photography or videos taken should be restricted to immediate family members for private, non-commercial purposes and not put online on any personal social media or online platforms.
- External agencies need permission from the Partick Thistle FC to take any images during the match/event activities.

4. STORAGE AND RETENTION OF IMAGES:

- Partick Thistle FC will ensure that all negatives, copies of videos and digital photograph files are stored in a secure manner. These will not be kept for any longer than is necessary having regard to the purposes for which they were taken.
- Images, negatives, copies of videos and digital photograph files will be reviewed at the end of each season to identify safe storage to restricted access archives or safe disposal of players' images.

5. MISUSE OF AN IMAGE:

- At any time the use of an image or information attached to it appears inappropriate, report the misuse of an image to the Partick Thistle FC Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer using the appropriate Concern Recording Form as part of the Responding to Concerns about a Child Procedure.

CONCERNS

- Anyone behaving in a way which could reasonably be viewed as inappropriate in relation to filming or photographing should be reported to the Child Wellbeing and Protection Officer. They should be approached for an explanation. If a satisfactory explanation is not provided, the circumstances should be reported in line with the Responding to Concerns about the Conduct of an Adult Procedure.
- Where appropriate, concerns should also be reported to the police.

ICT AND SOCIAL MEDIA

There are various ways in which we can celebrate and communicate using ICT and social media. Technology advances extremely quickly, meaning ways in which we communicate and receive and absorb information are changing all the time. Depending on the football activity that each child is involved with, the Partick Thistle FC may contact children and their parents/carers via text/email or possibly through social networking sites.

Our website hosts a range of information, photographs and videos which is available for all members of the public. However misuse of ICT and social media can also put children at considerable risk. As identified within Risks to Children's Wellbeing (see p13) there are some adults who seek to harm children have been known to use messaging or areas online to "groom" children.

For children the safeguarding risks of these technologies include:

- inappropriate access to, use or sharing of personal details (e.g. names, email addresses)
- unwanted contact with children by adults with wrongful/questionable intent
- being sent offensive or otherwise inappropriate material □ online bullying
- grooming for sexual abuse
- direct contact and abuse

For adults, risks involved include:

- their communication with children being misinterpreted
- potential investigation (internal or by statutory agencies)
- potential disciplinary action

1. TEXT/EMAIL

Members of staff and volunteers must consider whether it is necessary to communicate with children via text and email. The general principle is that all communications with children should be open, transparent and appropriate. Good practice would include agreeing with children and parents/carers what kind of information will be communicated directly to children by text message. In the first instance parent/carer consent must be obtained for all children under 16 years. Contact should always be made at the phone number/email address the parent/carer has provided on the child's behalf. Parents/carers should be offered the option to be copied in to any messages their child will be sent. Although consent is not legally required

for young people aged 16 and 17 years, it is still recommended that parents/carers are informed of the intention to send their child(ren) emails or texts. It is also good practice to obtain the consent of the 16 and 17 year old.

The following good practice is therefore required:

- All phone numbers/email addresses of children should be kept secure and confidential.
- The number of people with access to children's details should be kept to a practical minimum.
- Messages should never contain any offensive, abusive or inappropriate language. They should not be open to misinterpretation.

2. INTERNET/WEBSITE

Partick Thistle FC may post information, photographs and videos on our website which is available to all members of the public. In terms of publishing anything that includes a child, the following good practice should be followed:

Permission

- Written parent/carer consent must be obtained for any child aged under 16 years old before publishing any information, photographs or videos of a child which can be captured on a Partnership with Parents/Carers Form (see p44). If the material is changed from the time of consent, the parents/carers must be informed and consent provided for the changes.
- Special care must be taken in relation to vulnerable children e.g. child fleeing domestic violence or a child with a disability, and consideration given to whether publication would place the child at risk.
- Young players who have a public profile as a result of their achievements are entitled to the same protection as all other children. In these cases, common sense is required when implementing these guidelines. All decisions should reflect the best interests of the child.

Use of Images and Information

- Information published on the websites/social networking sites must never include personal information that could identify a child e.g. home address, email address, telephone number of a child. All contact must be directed to Partick Thistle FC.
- Children must never be portrayed in a demeaning, tasteless or a provocative manner. Children should never be portrayed in a state of partial undress.
- Information about specific events or meetings e.g. coaching sessions must not be distributed to any individuals other than to those directly concerned.

Concerns

- Any concerns or enquiries about publications or the website should be reported to the Child Protection Officer.

3. SOCIAL NETWORKING SITES

Where Partick Thistle FC allows mutual access to social networking sites:

Permission

- Obtain written permission from parents/carers of under 16s which can be captured on a Partnership with Parents/Carers Form to allow mutual interaction with the organisation profile. Make parents/carers aware of the profile's existence, the site the child will be accessing and the restrictions of use for this preferred site.

- An official agreement should be in place which states that access to members' profiles are used only to pass on relevant information or to answer questions regarding Partick Thistle FC or football issues.

Concerns

- Informal online "chat" with members around subjects outside football should be immediately discouraged. Private matters or questions should also be discouraged. However, any disclosures should be removed from the site and dealt with in line with Procedure in Responding to Concerns about a Child (see p18) and passed to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer.

4. INTERNET FORUMS

There has been an increase in the use and abuse of internet forums to target individuals or to engage contributors in debates which can cause upset and embarrassment to children. Sites should be well monitored and any offending comments removed. A member of staff, volunteer or member of the council should refrain from being drawn into any debates concerning selection, performance or personalities – even where the subject of the discussion is anonymous. This could be considered a breach of the Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children's Wellbeing (see p11) or poor practice.

5. MOBILE PHONE CAMERAS/VIDEOS

There have already been a number of cases where children have been placed at risk as a result of the ability to discreetly record and transmit images through mobile phones. There is also scope for humiliation and embarrassment if films or images are shared on popular websites such as YouTube. The use of mobile phones in this way can be very difficult to monitor.

The guidelines for Photographs, Film and Video (see p33) should be observed in relation to the use of mobile phones as cameras/videos. Particular care is required in areas where personal privacy is important e.g. changing rooms, bathrooms and sleeping areas. No photographs or video footage should ever be permitted in such areas of personal privacy.

CHILDREN'S HEALTH

FIRST AID AND THE TREATMENT OF INJURIES

All members of staff and volunteers must ensure:

- Where practicable all parents/carers of children under the age of 16 have completed a Partnership with Parents/Carers Form (see p44) before their child participates in football.

- There is an accessible and well-resourced first aid kit at the venue.
- They are aware of any pre-existing medical conditions, medicines being taken by participants or existing injuries and treatment required.
- Only those with a current, recognised First Aid qualification treat injuries. In more serious cases assistance should be obtained from a medically qualified professional as soon as possible.
- A Concern Recording Form (see p27) should be completed if a child sustains a significant injury along with the details of any treatment given. Common sense should be applied when determining which injuries are significant. The completed form should be passed to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer
- Where possible, access to medical advice and/or assistance is available.
- A child's parents/carers are informed of any injury and action taken as soon as possible.
- The circumstances in which any accidents occur are reviewed to avoid future repetitions.

CHILDREN WITH ALLERGIES

Partick Thistle FC has a duty to be inclusive and to provide opportunities for children of all abilities and regardless of any medical conditions, disabilities or allergies which they may have. These guidelines focus on how members of staff and volunteers should respond to children with allergies, as they have a responsibility to ensure their wellbeing whilst they are attending their football activity. However, it is equally important that children with medical conditions or allergies are not unnecessarily excluded from taking part in activities with their peers and that reasonable steps are taken to accommodate their individual needs.

Parent/Carer Responsibility

When a child joins a football activity, parents/carers should:

- Ensure they complete the Partnership with Parents/Carers Form (see p44) accurately **and** also take the time to talk to the member of staff or volunteer about the specific needs of their child and how to address and accommodate these needs.
- Update the member of staff or volunteer of any change in circumstances.
- Consider a medic alert bracelet/watch for their child.
- Check the expiry date of adrenaline injectors and any medication regularly. An out-of-date injector may offer some protection, but this will be limited.
- Ensure if the child has a 'rescue pack' that, if necessary, this is given to the member of staff or volunteer. This may include antihistamines for mild reactions, possibly an inhaler and may have two adrenaline injectors for more serious reactions e.g. anaphylaxis.

Partick Thistle FC Responsibility

Members of staff and volunteers should:

- Ensure the Partnership with Parents/Carers Form for all children attending the football activity are available and up to date together with full details of the child's allergies □ Have a copy of the child's care plan for allergies and individual risk assessment
- Communicate with parent/carers and child directly
- Appropriately share the information (do the right people know?) with others involved in the football activity

- Remember that Partnership with Parents/Carers Form should always be stored confidentially but be accessible to members of staff and volunteers
- Ensure correct storage and administration of medication
- Record incidents or concerns on a Concern Recording Form (see p27) and pass to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer
- Have their mobile phones charged and check they have a signal to allow calls to be made
- Plan for additional supervision e.g. depending on child's allergies and environment

PLANNING & ORGANISATION

ADULT TO CHILD RATIOS

As a general guide, the following ratios are recommended:

Age: 3 and over	1:8
If all children are over 8	1:10

All activities should be planned to involve at least two adults. The following factors will also be taken into consideration in deciding how many adults are required to safely supervise children:

- The number of children involved in the football activity.
- The age, maturity and experience of the children.
- Whether any of the members of staff, volunteers or children have a learning or physical disability or special requirements.
- Whether any of the children have challenging behaviour.
- The particular hazards associated with the football activity.
- The particular hazards associated with the environment.
- The level of qualification and experience of the members of staff and volunteers. □ The programme of activities.

COLLECTION BY PARENTS/CARERS

On some occasions, parents/carers can be late when picking their child up at the end of a football activity. It is not the responsibility of Partick Thistle FC to transport children home on behalf of parents/carers who have been delayed.

It is therefore important for the guidelines below to be followed:

- It is clear that while the football activity is running then members of staff and volunteers have a duty of care to the children that are in their charge. This is a principle of good practice.
- When the football activity has finished, obligations that we have under guidance, good practice and legislation still remain. We still have care and control of the child in the absence of a parent/carer or other responsible adult.

1. Make sure that Partick Thistle FC paperwork or communications:

- Are clear about starting and finishing times of the football activity
- Are clear about the expectations of parents/carers not to drop children off too early and collect children promptly when the football activity finishes

- Ask parents/carers whether they give consent for children to go home unaccompanied (according to their age and stage)
- Have a late collection telephone contact and number on Partnership with Parents/Carers Form (see p44).

2. Where possible make sure that there is more than one member of staff or volunteer at the end of the football activity.
3. Members of staff and volunteers will know how to deal with being left alone with a child. Put preventative measures in place (points 1 and 2) and agree simple steps about how the situation should be dealt with if it arises. Although as a general rule we should not put ourselves in the position of being alone with a child there are exceptions and this situation is one of them. Remember the wellbeing and best interests of the child are paramount and have to take precedence, so leaving children alone is not an option.
4. Members of staff and volunteers should have access to a record of the child's address, contact telephone number and an alternative phone number e.g. of a grandparent or other responsible adult. You need this information to contact the adult responsible for the child and ask them to collect the child. If you are unable to contact anyone then you have to make a decision of whether to take the child home yourself (see point 5) or call the police (point 6).
5. If you are left alone with a child then transparency is the key. Keep a record of your actions (use the guidelines in Transporting Children (see p40) and make sure that you inform the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer and parents/carers as soon as possible.
6. When all else fails call the police.

SAFE USE OF CHANGING FACILITIES

One of the areas where children are particularly vulnerable at football facilities is the locker/changing/shower room. Limited changing facilities sometimes mean that people of all ages regularly need to change and shower during the same period.

To avoid possible misunderstandings and embarrassing situations, adults need to exercise care when in the changing room at the same time as children. However, bullying can be an issue where children are left unsupervised and a balance should be struck depending on the situation. In general it is better if one adult is not alone to supervise and extra vigilance may also be required if there is public access to the facility. If, in an emergency, a male has to enter a female changing area, or vice versa, another adult of the opposite gender should accompany him or her.

The following guidelines should be followed:

- Wherever possible, adults should avoid changing or showering at the same time as children.
- Parents/carers need to be aware that on occasions, adults and children may need to share a changing facility.
- It is recommended that particular attention is given to the supervision of children aged 10 and under in changing rooms. It is advisable for adults not to be alone with any such child under these circumstances.

- If children are uncomfortable changing or showering in public, no pressure should be placed on them to do so.
- While some activities may be restricted to changing rooms for the purposes of team talks, if at all possible another area should be considered for this. If there are no other options, it is best practice to wait until all children are fully dressed.

TRANSPORTING CHILDREN

Where it is necessary to transport children, the following good practice is required:

1. Where parents/carers make arrangements for the transportation of children to and from the activity, out with the knowledge of Partick Thistle FC it will be the responsibility of the parents/carers to satisfy themselves about the appropriateness and safety of the arrangements.
2. Where Partick Thistle FC makes arrangements for the transportation of children the members of staff or volunteers involved will undertake a risk assessment of the transportation required. This will include an assessment of the following areas:
 - Ensuring that all vehicles and drivers are correctly insured for the purpose
 - Ensuring the driver has a valid and appropriate license for the vehicle being used
 - All reasonable safety measures are available e.g. fitted, working seatbelts, booster seats where appropriate
 - An appropriate ratio of adults per child
 - Ensuring drivers have adequate breaks

Where transport arrangements are being made overseas, members of staff will be aware of the risk assessment and plans in place for transporting the children, then able to inform parents/carers.

3. When transporting children, wherever possible they should be in the back seat of the car for health and safety reasons.
4. Where practicable and planned, written parent/carer consent will be requested or included within the Partnership with Parents/Carers Form (see p44) if members of staff and volunteers are required to transport children:
 - Agree a collection policy with parents/carers which will include a clear and shared understanding of arrangements for collection at the end of a football activity.
 - Always tell another member of staff or volunteer that you are transporting a child, give details of the route and the anticipated length of the journey.
 - Take all reasonable safety measures e.g. children in the back seat, seatbelts worn. □ Where possible, have another adult accompany you on the journey.
 - Call ahead to inform the child's parents/carers that you are giving them a lift and inform them of when you expect to arrive.

TRIPS AWAY FROM HOME (INCLUDING OVERNIGHT STAYS)

1. Designate a Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer for the Trip

Those in charge of the squad will be responsible for the safety and wellbeing of children in their care. It is recommended that a member of staff designated as Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer co-ordinates the arrangements to safeguard the wellbeing of children during the trip. The Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer should ensure all practical arrangements have been addressed and act as the main contact for dealing with any concerns about the safety and wellbeing of children whilst away from home. A detailed itinerary will be prepared and copies provided to the designated contact for Partick Thistle FC and parents/carers, including the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer contact details during the trip.

2. Risk Assessment

Potential areas of risk should be identified at the planning stage through a risk assessment, which should be recorded in writing. Safeguards should be put in place to manage the risks, where appropriate. Risk assessment should be an ongoing process throughout the trip as unexpected situations can happen!

3. Travel Arrangements

Members of staff must ensure there is adequate and relevant insurance cover (including travel and medical insurance). If the trip involves travel overseas, organisers shall ensure they are aware of local procedures for dealing with concerns about the wellbeing of children and are familiar with the details of the emergency services in the location of the visit. Children should be informed of any local customs. (For more details see [Transporting Children](#) (see p40).

4. Adult to Child Ratios

All trips away should be planned to involve at least two adults. The guidelines on [Adult to Child Ratios](#) (see p38) will inform an assessment of the numbers of adults required to safely supervise the squad. Where relevant those involved should be recruited and selected in accordance with the [Procedure for Recruitment and Selection of Members of Staff or Volunteers in Regulated Work with Children](#). Everyone travelling should be familiar with and agree to abide by Partick Thistle Children's Wellbeing in Scottish Football Policies, Procedures and Safeguards.

5. Accommodation

Members of staff should find out as much as possible about the accommodation and the surroundings at the planning stage to help identify all practical issues and allow time to address them in advance, in consultation with children and parents/carers where appropriate. The following is a (non-exhaustive) list of some of the practical things which should be considered in advance about the arrangements for accommodation:

- Location: central and remote locations both present different challenges.
- Accommodation facility: health & safety of building confirmed by owners/providers.
- Sleeping arrangements: these will enable suitable sharing in terms of age and gender and appropriately located members of staff or volunteer bedrooms for both supervision and ease of

- access in case of emergency. Parents/carers and children should be consulted in advance about arrangements for sharing where possible and appropriate.
- Appropriate safeguards where the same areas of the accommodation can be accessed by others
 - Special access or adaptive aids required by members of staff, volunteers or children.
 - Environmental factors
 - Personal safety issues

Exchange Visits/Hosting

Before departure, members of staff should ensure there is a shared understanding of the standards expected during home stays between them, host organisation/families, parents/carers and children themselves. These standards should include arrangements for the supervision of children during the visit. Host families should be appropriately vetted (adults should be PVG Scheme members) where possible or equivalent police checks undertaken and references thoroughly checked. Members of staff, parents/carers and children should all be provided with a copy of emergency contact numbers. Children should be aware of who they should talk to if problems arise during the visit. Daily contact should be made with all children to ensure they are safe and well.

Residential at a Facility/Centre

Members of staff should ensure the facility is appropriately licensed and has adequate and relevant insurance cover in place. The facility should have a policy on Child Protection and Health & Safety. Adequate security arrangements should be in place and facility staff should have been appropriately vetted. Facility staff involved in the training or instruction of children must be appropriately qualified and trained. Members of staff should ensure there is adequate supervision of the group for the duration of the stay, particularly when the facility is being shared with other groups.

6. Involving Parents/Carers

Where possible, a meeting should be held with parents/carers before departure to share information about the trip, answer their questions and make joint decisions about arrangements where appropriate. A Code of Conduct shall be agreed with children and parents/carers in advance of the trip along with sanctions for unacceptable behaviour. Parents/carers must complete a Consent form and provide emergency contact details.

In the event of an emergency at home during the trip, parents/carers should be encouraged to make contact with the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer in the first instance so that arrangements can be put in to place to support the child on hearing any distressing news.

7. During the Trip

Members of staff must ensure arrangements are in place for the supervision and risk assessment of activities during free time. Children shall not be allowed to wander alone in unfamiliar places. Members of staff should have clear roles and responsibilities for the duration of the trip. They must not be over familiar with or fraternise with children during the trip and remember that they are in a position of trust at all times. The use of alcohol and/or drugs or engaging in sexual relationships (between two young people) should not

be condoned during the trip, even if the legislation relating to any of these behaviours is more lenient than in Scotland.

Members of staff should maintain an overview of the wellbeing of all children during the trip. This can help to identify issues at an early stage and resolve them as quickly as possible. Children can participate in this process by, for example, taking turns to complete a daily diary about the trip. This can be an overt or discreet way for them to communicate things (both positive and negative) that they want you to know. Children should also know who they can talk to, or speak directly with the Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer if they have any worries or concerns while away from home.

8. After the Trip

Where appropriate, a debrief will take place with all those involved in the trip, including children. This will provide an opportunity to reflect on what went well, not so well and what could have been done differently. Feedback will be used to inform future trips.

NAMED CONTACT

Partick Thistle FC have appointed, inducted and trained Paul John Corr as a named contact as our Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer. The appointed Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer shall:

- i) Attend the “Children’s Wellbeing in Scottish Football” workshop, or the sportscoach UK “Safeguarding and Protecting Children” workshop; and,
- ii) Attend the “Managing Children’s Wellbeing in Scottish Football” workshop or the Children 1st “In Safe Hands” workshop; and, iii) Attend all Club Child Wellbeing and Protection Officer/Safeguarding Officers Network Meetings

PARTICK THISTLE FC SAFEGUARDING PANEL

The Partick Thistle FC Safeguarding Panel will comprise of the Club Child Protection and Wellbeing Officer, the Managing Director of the Club and the Academy Director.

COACHES AND ADULTS IN REGULATED WORK WITH CHILDREN

All Partick Thistle FC coaches and adults in regulated work with children, as set out in Schedule 2 of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007 [hereinafter referred to as a “person in regulated work”], must be appointed through the procedure detailed in Schedule B to this Directive. This shall include:

- i) Completion of a PVG Scheme Membership Check in respect of the “person in regulated work”; and,
- ii) Completion of a Self-declaration Form by the “person in regulated work”; and, iii) Two references approving the suitability of the “person in regulated work” to conduct regulated work with children; and, iv) Provision of a Fair Processing Notice Form to the “person in regulated work”, and subscription by the “person in regulated work” of the Fair Processing Notice Form.

TRAINING

All “persons in regulated work”, and IN ADDITION all other adults working, or conducting voluntary work, with children and young people under 18 years of age must:

- i) Attend the “Children’s Wellbeing in Scottish Football” workshop, or the sportscoach UK “Safeguarding and Protecting Children” workshop; and, ii) Be provided with, agree to the terms of, and subscribe the Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children’s Wellbeing.

APPOINTMENT AND SELECTION OF ADULTS IN REGULATED WORK WITH CHILDREN PROCEDURE

Procedure

In line with Articles 2 without discrimination and 3 in the best interests of the child of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC), Partick Thistle FC will take all reasonable steps to ensure that coaches and other adults working with children in football have been recruited appropriately. This will allow that within their right of Article 31 to access leisure, play and recreation, Partick Thistle FC will ensure that during that participation at any level of football we take all measures to protect them in line with Articles 19 and 34.

As part of this process, we aim to ensure that unsuitable people are prevented from undertaking regulated work with children. Further, we recognise that we have a legal duty under the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007 to ensure that individuals who are barred from regulated work with children are not engaged (either paid or unpaid) in regulated work with children within Partick Thistle FC.

The following procedure will be completed for all positions deemed to be regulated work with children within Partick Thistle FC. In line with the UNCRC and regulated work with children definition, this applies to all children and young people under the ages of 18 years old.

1. Advertising

Any forms of advertising used to recruit members of staff and volunteers for regulated work with children will include the following:

- A statement that the position includes regulated work with children and will require PVG Scheme membership.

Pre-application Information

Pre-application information for these positions will be available to applicants online and will include:

- A role description outlining the roles and responsibilities of the position
- A person specification, stating qualifications or experience of working with children required
- An application form

Application Form

All applicants will be requested to complete an application form. The purpose of the application form is to obtain relevant details for the position and referee contact details.

Review Applications and Interview

Partick Thistle FC will review application forms and consider applicants for interview. Successful applicants will be invited to interview. Interviews will then be carried out.

Offer of Position

Once a decision has been made to offer appointment, an offer letter will be sent to the applicant. This will include details of the position, any special requirements and any obligations e.g. agreement to the policies and procedures of Partick Thistle FC, the probationary period and responsibilities of the role.

A PVG Scheme Membership form and self-declaration form will be sent out for the successful applicant to complete and return for processing. The offer must be formally accepted and agreed to in writing e.g. by the individual signing and dating their agreement on the offer letter and returning it to Partick Thistle FC.

The applicant's appointment will only be confirmed when:

- Two references have been received, checked and accepted
- Self-declaration form has been returned and approved
- PVG Scheme Record/Scheme Record Update has been received and accepted.

References

Two references will always be requested and thoroughly checked. Where possible at least one of these references will be from an employer or a voluntary organisation where the position required working with children. References from relatives will not be accepted. If the applicant has no experience of working with children, specific training requirements may be agreed before their appointment commences.

Membership of the PVG Scheme

Partick Thistle FC is registered with Disclosure Scotland. Individuals carrying out regulated work with children within Partick Thistle FC must be members of the PVG Scheme.

Overseas Applicants

Applicants from overseas being appointed to regulated work with children within Partick Thistle FC are required to join the PVG Scheme. Applicants from overseas must prove their 'right to work' in the UK and be asked to provide a police check from their relevant country where possible. Where this is not possible, or in addition to the police check, the following information, where relevant to the position, will be requested:

- A statement from the governing body in the country of origin of the applicant and/or the country from which they are transferring in regard to their participation and suitability for the position.
- A statement from the international federation of the sport in regard to their participation and suitability for the position.

Suitability for position

Should Partick Thistle FC receive any information via the self-declaration form and/or PVG scheme record that needs risk assessed, this will be carried out by the Partick Thistle FC Safeguarding Panel. This risk assessment considers any criminal convictions or other information that would be considered relevant to the role. The outcome of the decision with the Safeguarding Panel then contributes to the final decision of the applicant's appointment as mentioned above

Induction

After the applicant accepts post in writing, the induction process will include the following:

- An assessment of training, individual aim's, needs and aspirations.
- Clarification, agreement and signing up to Child Wellbeing and Protection policies, procedures and safeguards, including the Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children's Wellbeing and Fair Processing Notice Form.
- Clarification of the expectations, roles and responsibilities of the position.

Training

Newly appointed members of staff and volunteers in regulated work with children should complete recommended training over an agreed period. This training will include an introduction to the Child Wellbeing and Protection Policies, Procedures and Safeguards that are relevant to their post. Further training is then available in a 3 hour workshop as well as additional CPD.

Probation

Newly appointed members of staff and volunteers will complete an agreed period of probation of 3 months.

Monitoring and Performance Appraisal

All staff in positions of regulated work with children will be monitored and their performance appraised. This will provide an opportunity to evaluate progress, set new goals, identify training needs and address any concerns of poor practice.

Ongoing suitability

Once an individual is in a position of regulated work, Partick Thistle FC will require the individual to complete a self-declaration form on an annual basis and apply for a Scheme Record Update every three years. This ensures we are continually risk assessing members of staff and volunteers to keep children safe.

New vetting information

If new vetting information becomes available through self-declaration form or PVG scheme record updates, this is will be considered through a risk assessment by the Partick Thistle FC Safeguarding Panel.

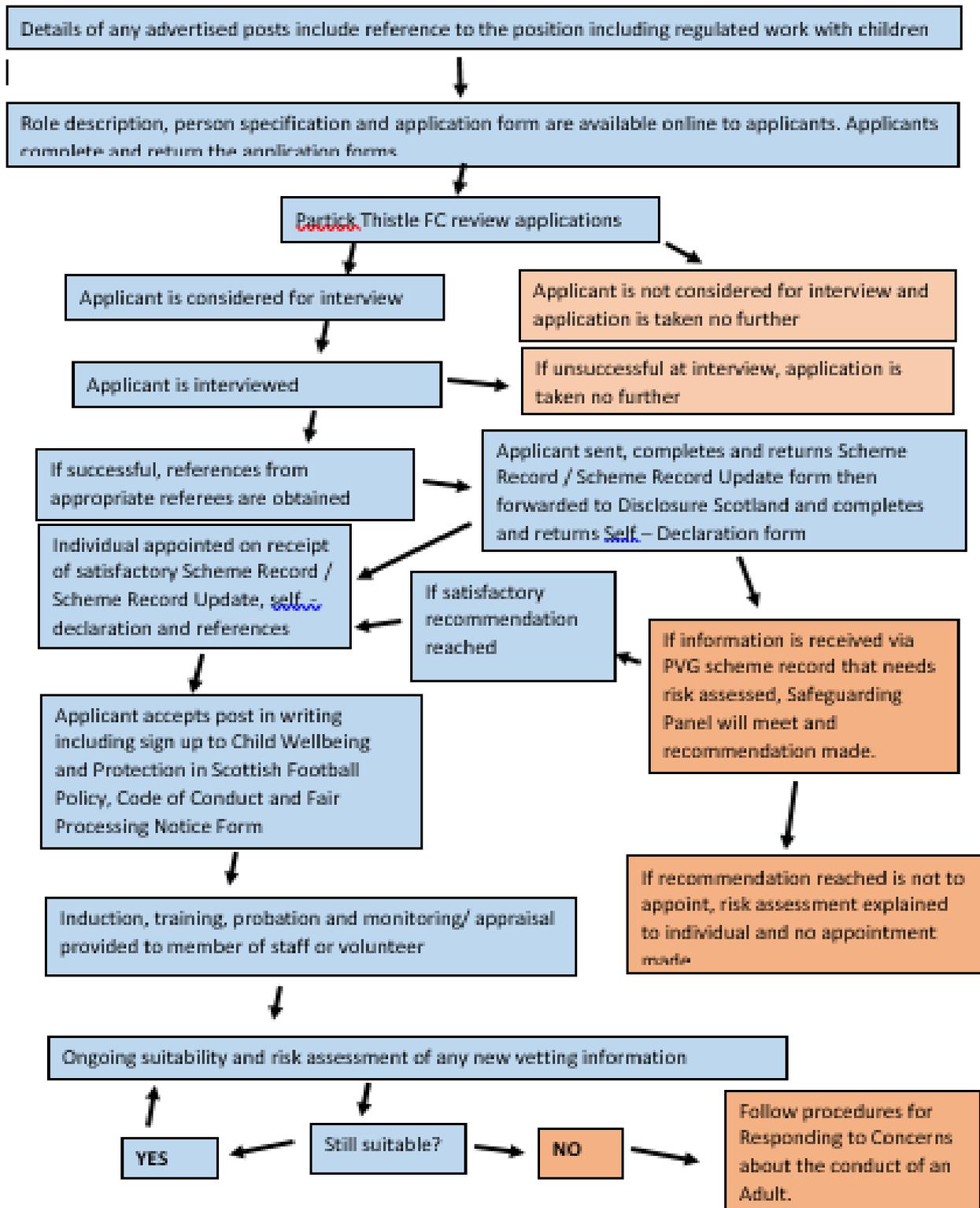
Should any risk be identified, it will then be necessary to follow the Partick Thistle FC Responding to Concerns about the Conduct of an Adult and/or Disciplinary Procedures.

Consideration for Children's List or Barred Individuals

If Disclosure Scotland notify Partick Thistle FC that a member of staff/volunteer is being considered for listing, that individual will be suspended as a precaution until the outcome of the case is determined. Remember that suspension is not a form of disciplinary action and does not involve pre-judgment. In all cases of suspension, the best interests of the child will be the primary consideration.

If Disclosure Scotland inform Partick Thistle FC that an individual is barred, that member of staff/volunteer will be removed from regulated work with children immediately in line with the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007 section 5 duties for organisations.

APPOINTMENT AND SELECTION OF ADULTS IN REGULATED WORK WITH CHILDREN PROCEDURE FLOWCHART



SELF-DECLARATION FORM FOR REGULATED WORK WITH CHILDREN

Partick Thistle FC requires that anyone applying to do 'regulated work with children' must complete a self declaration form as part of the appointment and selection process.

Candidates entering into 'regulated work with children' are required to disclose any unspent convictions or cautions and any spent convictions for offences included in Schedule A1, 'OFFENCES WHICH MUST ALWAYS BE DISCLOSED' of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act (Exclusions and Exceptions) (Scotland) Amendment Order 2015. Candidates are not required to disclose spent convictions for offences included in Schedule B1, 'OFFENCES WHICH ARE TO BE DISCLOSED SUBJECT TO RULES' until such time as they are included in a higher level disclosure issued by Disclosure Scotland. If you need clarification on what to disclose, please visit www.disclosurescotland.co.uk/about/SummaryofChanges.htm and/or refer to final page of this form.

Please note that any information you give in this form will be managed according to the Partick Thistle FC Data Protection Policy. Having a criminal record will not necessarily bar you from working with us. This will depend on the circumstances and background of any offences and the nature of the position.

Completing the form:

1. Please give details regarding any convictions and cautions under the heading in **Section 1**.
2. Please provide details of any disciplinary action in **Section 2**.
3. Please give details of any further information in relation to Social Work services **Section 3**.
4. If you have no convictions, cautions or further information please go to **Section 4** and sign the declaration in **Section 5**.
5. Return the form in a sealed envelope marked 'Private and Confidential – Self Declaration'. Please do not put your completed application form in the same envelope. **It is important that the forms are kept separate**. Your completed self-declaration form will only be seen by individuals in the organisation who have a responsibility for appointing staff and volunteers.

PERSONAL DETAILS

Title:		Tel No:	
Full Name:		E-mail:	
Address: Post Code:			

ROLE DETAILS

Role being applied for / volunteering for:

Section 1 – Convictions and Cautions

a) Please give the date and details of the offence(s) with which you were convicted, the sentence that you received and the court where your case(s) was heard.

b) Please give details of the reasons and circumstances that led to your conviction(s).

c) Have any other organisation(s) supported you to work through any of the above issues?

d) Please give details of how you completed the sentence imposed, (for example did you pay your fine as required, what conditions were attached to your probation/community service/supervised attendance order, did you comply with the requirements of your order/custodial sentence etc)?

e) What have you learned from the experience?

Section 2 – Details of any disciplinary action in relation to children

Have you been disciplined because of inappropriate behaviour towards a child which may have harmed them or put them at risk of harm? YES/NO If YES, please give details.

Section 3 – Further information

Are you, or have you ever been, known to any Social Work Department/Social Services Department as an actual or potential risk to children? YES/NO

If yes, please provide details

Section 4 – Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007

Before signing the declaration below, please read the following notes on the *Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007* (PVG Act):

1. *Section 34* of the PVG Act makes it an offence for an individual to do, or to seek or agree to do any regulated work (paid or unpaid) from which the individual is barred.
2. *Section 35* of the same act makes it an offence for an organisation to offer regulated work (paid or unpaid) to an individual barred from that work.
3. A person is barred from regulated work with children if they are:
 - The subject of an automatic listing (under *section 14* of the PVG Act).
 - Included in the PVG Children's List (and, by default, the Independent Safeguarding Authority Children's List which covers the rest of the UK) under *section 15* of the PVG Act.
4. Under *section 12* of the PVG Act an individual can be 'considered for listing' as information on their suitability to work with children is assessed.

*I confirm that I am not barred from regulated work with children as set out in sections 14 and 15 of the PVG Act, nor am I under 'consideration for listing' as set out in section 12 of the same Act.

OR *(delete as appropriate)

*I am under 'consideration for listing'

I certify that all information contained in this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and realise that false information or omissions may lead to dismissal.

I understand that deliberately giving false information can result in prosecution.

Section 5 – Declaration

1. I hereby declare and represent that, except for as disclosed above, I have not at any time, whether in the United Kingdom or abroad, been found guilty and sentenced by a court for a criminal offence.
2. I will assist Partick Thistle FC to request a Scheme Record/Scheme Record Update (as appropriate under the PVG Act) for the purposes of verifying the replies given in this declaration, including enquiries of any relevant authority.
3. I agree to inform Partick Thistle FC if I am convicted of an offence while a member of staff or volunteer with the organisation. I understand that failure to do so may lead to the immediate suspension of my work (paid or unpaid) for the organisation and/or the termination of my services.
4. If I become considered for listing, I understand this will result in precautionary suspension.
5. I agree to abide by the conditions above and certify that the information contained in this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and I realise that false information or wilful omissions may lead to the immediate suspension of my work for the organisation or the termination of my services.

Signed: _____ Date: _____

Which convictions should be disclosed on the self-declaration form?

In line with the Police Act 2007 and the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007 Remedial Order 2015 and the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exclusions and Exceptions) (Scotland) Amendment Order 2015, there are offences which always must be disclosed and other offences which are to be disclosed subject to the rules.

The rules are applied as follows:

Age at Conviction	Period of Disclosure	Treatment of Disclosure
18 years or older	15 years	No disclosure after 15 years
Younger than 18 years	7.5 years	No disclosure after 7.5 years

Offences which are always disclosed:

<http://www.disclosurescotland.co.uk/about/documents/UKSCOffencesThatWillAlwaysBeDisclosedv1website10September2015.pdf>

Offences which are subject to the rules as shown in the table:

<http://www.disclosurescotland.co.uk/about/documents/UKSCOffencesThatWillBeDisclosedSubjectToRulesv1website10September2015.pdf>

LETTER TO REFEREES FOR REGULATED WORK WITH CHILDREN

Dear *[insert name]*,

[name of applicant] is currently being considered as a *[insert role]* with Partick Thistle FC and has given your name as a referee. The position includes regulated work with children. As an organisation committed to the wellbeing and protection of children we would like to know if there is any reason at all to be concerned about this applicant being in contact with children?

YES/NO Delete as appropriate. If you have answered yes we will contact you in confidence.

We would appreciate your honesty in providing us with some information which will allow us to consider their application. All the information on this form will be treated confidentially and in accordance with relevant legislation and guidance. Information will only be shared with the person conducting the assessment of the applicant's suitability for the position.

How do you know the applicant and how long have you known them?

What qualities does this person have that would make them suitable to work with children?

Please rate this person on the following (please tick one):

	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Excellent
Attendance				
Responsibility				
Maturity				
Self-motivation				
Can motivate others				
Ability to work as a team				
Willingness to follow instructions				
Commitment				
Communication skills				
Trustworthiness				
Reliability				

If you have ticked unsatisfactory for any of the above, please provide more details.

Please also use this space to provide any other information about the applicant which you consider is relevant to the position applied for (continue on a separate sheet if necessary).

I declare that all the information contained in this form is accurate and truthful to the best of my knowledge.

Signature:

Date:

Print Name: _____

Please return this in an envelope marked **PRIVATE and CONFIDENTIAL** to:
Child Wellbeing and Protection Office

r, Partick Thistle FC, Firhill Stadium, Firhill Road, Glasgow, G207AL.

OR

Email form to: childrenswellbeing@ptfc.co.uk

ROLE APPLICATION FORM

Any position that includes regulated work with children will require PVG Scheme Membership.

ROLE APPLIED FOR -	
CLUB DEPARTMENT -	
NAME -	
ADDRESS-	
DATE OF BIRTH -	
CONTACT NUMBER -	
EMAIL -	
CURRENT EMPLOYER-	
RELEVANT QUALIFICATIONS TO ROLE-	
APPLICANT REFEREE NUMBER 1-	
REFEREE NUMBER 1 CONTACT NUMBER AND EMAIL	
REFEREE NUMBER 1 RELATIONSHIP TO APPLICANT	
APPLICANT REFEREE NUMBER 2-	

REFEREE NUMBER 2 CONTACT NUMBER AND EMAIL	
REFEREE NUMBER 2 RELATIONSHIP TO APPLICANT	

APPENDIX 1 - GETTING IT RIGHT FOR EVERY CHILD (GIRFEC)

The GIRFEC approach is about how practitioners across all services for children and adults meet the needs of children and young people, working together where necessary to ensure they reach their full potential. It promotes a shared approach and accountability that:

- builds solutions with and around children, young people and families
- enables children and young people to get the help they need when they need it
- supports a positive shift in culture, systems and practice
- involves working better together to improve life chances for children, young people and families

GIRFEC has a number of key components:

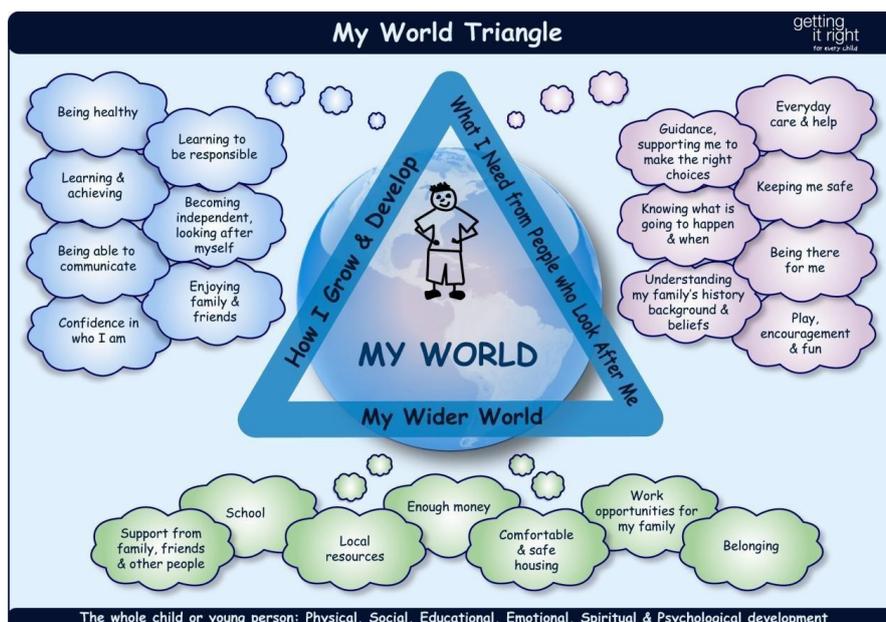
- a focus on improving outcomes for children, young people and their families based on a **shared understanding of wellbeing**;
- **a common approach to gaining consent and sharing information where appropriate**;
- an integral role for children, young people and families in assessment, planning and intervention;
- a co-ordinated and unified approach to identifying concerns, assessing needs, agreeing actions and outcomes, based on the wellbeing indicators;
- streamlined planning, assessment and decision-making processes that result in children, young people and their families getting the right help at the right time;
- **consistent high standards of co-operation, joint working and communication, locally and across Scotland**;
- **a Named Person in universal services for each child** and a Lead Professional to co-ordinate and monitor multi-agency activity where necessary;
- maximising the skilled workforce within universal services to address needs and risks as early as possible;
- **a confident and competent workforce across all services for children, young people and their families**; and,
- the capacity to share demographic, assessment and planning information within and across agency boundaries.

GIRFEC promotes action to improve the wellbeing of all children and young people in eight areas of wellbeing indicators: safe, healthy, active, nurtured, achieving, respected, responsible and included.

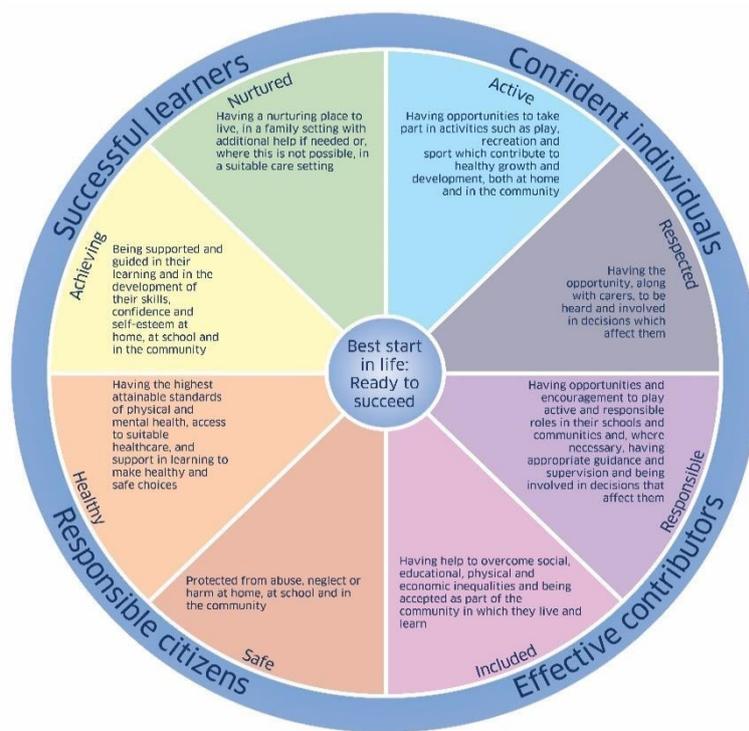
All services that work with children and/or their carer's are expected to identify and consider the child's wellbeing, and to share appropriate information with others collaboratively with the child, their family and other services. Services and agencies that may previously have seen their role as being to 'pass on' concerns are now expected to take a proactive approach to identifying and responding to potential risks, irrespective of whether the child in question is their 'client', 'patient' or 'service user'. Equally, services that work with adults who may pose a risk to children and young people have a responsibility to take action when risks to children or young people are identified.

The role of the Named Person, as defined by the Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014, is key to information sharing and the management of concerns about children. The Named Person will be a single point of contact with responsibility for promoting, supporting and safeguarding children's wellbeing. The Act also introduces a legal duty to share information that is likely to be relevant to the Named Person functions.

My World Triangle



Wellbeing Wheel



Source: <http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/People/Young-People/gettingitright>

**SCHEDULE PART 2
TEMPLATE CONSENT FORMS
CONSENT FORM – U13 PLAYERS**

This form should be completed by the child's parent/carer. Please complete this form at the start of every season and let us know as soon as possible if any of the details changes. All information will be treated with sensitivity, respect and will only be shared with those who need to know.

Child's Name:	Date of Birth:
Address:	
Post Code:	Tel No:

A. GENERAL & MEDICAL INFORMATION

Name of GP:	
Address:	
Post Code:	Tel No:

Please complete the following details.

1. Does the child have a disability that will affect their ability to take part in football? Yes/No*

If yes, please give details: _____

2. Does the child a medical condition that will affect their ability to take part in football? Yes/No*

If yes, please give details:

3. Does the child take any medication?

Yes/No*

If yes, please give details _____

4. Does the child have any existing injuries?

Yes/No*

If yes, please give details and include when injury sustained and treatment received:

5. Does the child have any allergies, including allergies to medication?

Yes/No*

If yes, please give details:

Is there any other relevant information which you would like us to know about the child (e.g. access rights, disabilities, etc)

B. U18'S NAMED PERSON

Children and young people from birth to 18 and their parents will have access to a Named Person to help them get the support they need. A Named Person will normally be the health visitor for a pre-school child and a promoted teacher – such as a head teacher or guidance teacher – for a school age child.

Child's Named Person:	Tel No:
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C. TRANSPORTATION OF CHILDREN

The **INSERT ENTITY** will ask any person using a private vehicle to declare that they are properly licensed and insured and in the case of a person who cannot so declare they will not permit that individual to transport children and young people.

D. PHOTOGRAPHS AND PUBLICATIONS (INCLUDING WEBSITE)

The child may be photographed or filmed when participating in football and this may be published.

E. CONTACT INFORMATION

The **[INSERT ENTITY]** may contact the child from time to time via email, text or a social networking site.

F. PARENT/CARER CONSENT – SIGNATURE

I consent / I do not consent* to the child receiving medical treatment, including anaesthetic, which the medical professionals present consider necessary.

I consent / I do not consent* to the **[INSERT ENTITY]** sharing information with the child's Named Person as deemed appropriate if the child's wellbeing is impacted.

I consent / I do not consent* to the child being transported by persons representing the **[INSERT ENTITY]** for the purposes of taking part in football.

I consent / I do not consent* to the child being involved in photographing / filming and for information about my child to be used for the purposes stated in the **[INSERT ENTITY]** Safe Use of Images of U18 Players.

I consent / I do not consent* to the child being contacted via email, text or social networking site for the purposes stated in the **[INSERT ENTITY]** Safeguards.

I do / do not* wish to be copied in to these messages.

- i) *I am aware of the **[INSERT ENTITY]** Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children's Wellbeing and its Policies and Procedures in Child Wellbeing and Protection.*
- ii) *I undertake to inform the **[INSERT ENTITY]** should any of the information contained in this form change.*

Parent / Carer's Signature: _____ Date: _____

(Please state relationship to child if not parent): _____

Print Name: _____ Email: _____

**(delete as appropriate)*

Emergency Contact Name:	
Relationship to Child:	Tel No:

Late Collection Contact:	
Relationship to Child:	Tel No:

APPENDIX 3 DATA SHARING AGREEMENT

Partick Thistle Fc have subscribed to and have implemented the Data Sharing Agreement for Child Protection across Scottish football.

To practically implement the terms of the Data Sharing Agreement it is essential for:

-all adults in regulated work to complete the Fair Processing Notice Form; and,

-all U18 players and their parent/carers to complete the consent Form.

Where adults are already in regulated work, it is necessary to distribute and collate back these forms and then from 31st January 2017 onwards, this needs to be completed at appointment stage of any adult in regulated work with children. Then at any point where data is required to be shared, the decision form should be completed as a record.

FAIR PROCESSING NOTICE FORM

The Data Protection Act 2018 and the General Data Protection Regulation require that I am informed about how my personal information will be used. For the purposes of the protection of children and young people, [the Scottish Football Association (the "Scottish FA)] **OR** Partick Thistle Football Club (the "Entity")] may share information about me with [affiliated associations or Members that it governs] **OR** [the Scottish FA], where the [Scottish FA] **OR** Partick Thistle Football Club has been alerted to circumstances that might affect my status as a member of the PVG scheme for regulated work with children or my suitability to carry out the regulated work role for which I have been appointed or am already doing. I have been advised that, in the event such sharing is deemed necessary it will be carried out by a member of the Scottish FA Wellbeing and Protection Department **OR** Child and Wellbeing Officer at Partick Thistle Football Club for the purpose of keeping children and young people safe in Scottish football.

Name	
Date	
Signature	<p>I confirm that I have been advised and I understand that if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• my status as a member of the PVG Scheme for regulated work with children changes; or• my suitability to carry out the regulated work for which I have been appointed or am doing changes. <p>A member of the Scottish FA Wellbeing and Protection Department OR [Child and Wellbeing Officer at Partick Thistle Football Club may share information about me with [Members or organisations (for which the Scottish FA is the governing member)] OR [the Scottish FA as</p>

governing body] as is necessary for the purpose of keeping children and young people safe in Scottish football.

I understand that the impact of sharing this information may be that I am removed from any positions of regulated work with children within Scottish football until the outcome of legal and/or disciplinary proceedings.

.....

CONSENT FORM – Players between 13 and 18

This form should be completed by the young person supported by their parent/carer, where appropriate. Please complete this form at the start of every season and let us know as soon as possible if any of the details changes. All information will be treated with sensitivity, respect and will only be shared with those who need to know.

Young Person's Name:	Date of Birth:
Address:	
Post Code:	Tel No:

A. GENERAL & MEDICAL INFORMATION

Name of GP:	
Address:	
Post Code:	Tel No:

Please complete the following details. Please circle either Yes or No.

1. Do you have a disability that will affect your ability to take part in football?

Yes/No

If yes, please give details: _____

2. Do you have a medical condition that will affect your ability to take part in football? Yes/No*

If yes, please give details:

3. Do you take any medication? Yes/No

If yes, please give details: _____

4. Do you have any existing injuries? Yes/No

If yes, please give details and include when injury sustained and treatment received: _____

5. Do you have any allergies, including allergies to medication? Yes/No

If yes, please give details: _____

6. Is there any other relevant information which you would like us to know? (E.g. access rights, disabilities, etc) _____

B. SHARING INFORMATION WITH U18'S NAMED PERSON

Children and young people from birth to 18 and their parents will have access to a Named Person to help them get the support they need. A Named Person will normally be the health visitor for a pre-school child and a promoted teacher – such as a head teacher or guidance teacher – for a school age child.

U18s Named Person:	Tel No:
--------------------	---------

C. TRANSPORTATION OF CHILDREN

Partick Thistle Football Club will ask any person using a private vehicle to declare that they are properly licensed and insured and in the case of a person who cannot so declare they will not permit that individual to transport children and young people.

D. PHOTOGRAPHS AND PUBLICATIONS (INCLUDING WEBSITE)

You may be photographed or filmed when participating in football and this may be published.

E. CONTACT INFORMATION

Partick Thistle Football Club may contact you from time to time via email, text or social networking site.

F. CONSENT – U18 PLAYER (Please circle either ‘I consent’ or ‘I do not consent’)

I consent / I do not consent* to the receiving medical treatment, including anaesthetic, which the medical professionals present consider necessary.

I consent / I do not consent* to Partick Thistle Football Club sharing information with my Named Person as deemed appropriate if my wellbeing is impacted.

I consent / I do not consent to being transported by persons representing Partick Thistle Football Club for the purposes of taking part in football.

I consent / I do not consent to my image being taken and used appropriately.

I consent / I do not consent to being contacted via email, text or social networking site for the purposes stated in the **Partick Thistle Football Club** Safeguards.

iii) *I undertake to inform **Partick Thistle Football Club** should any of the information contained in this form change.*

U18's Signature: _____ Date: _____

U18s Email: _____ Mob No: _____

G. PARENT/CARER CONSENT – SIGNATURE

I consent / I do not consent* to the young person receiving medical treatment, including anaesthetic, which the medical professionals present consider necessary.

I consent / I do not consent* to Partick Thistle Football Club sharing information with the young person's Named Person as deemed appropriate the young person's wellbeing is impacted.

I consent / I do not consent* to the young person being transported by persons representing **Partick Thistle Football Club** for the purposes of taking part in football.

I consent / I do not consent* to the young person being involved in photographing / filming and for information about the young person to be used for the purposes stated in the **Partick Thistle Football Club** Safe Use of Images of U18 Players.

I consent / I do not consent* to the young person being contacted via email, text or social networking site for the purposes stated in the **Partick Thistle Football Club** Safeguards.

I do / do not* wish to be copied in to these messages.

iv) *I am aware of the **Partick Thistle Football Club** Code of Conduct for Safeguarding Children's Wellbeing and its Policies and Procedures in Child Wellbeing and Protection.*

v) I undertake to inform the **Partick Thistle Football Club** should any of the information contained in this form change.

Parent / Carer's Signature: _____ Date: _____

(Please state relationship to young person): _____

Print Name: _____

Email: _____

Emergency Contact Name:	
Relationship to Young Person:	Tel No:

Late Collection Contact:	
Relationship to Young Person:	Tel No:

DECISION FORM

This form must be completed as soon as a decision has been reached to share data to ensure accurate recording of the following details:

(i) What information was shared and for what purpose?

(ii) Who it was shared with?

Name: _____

Role: _____

(iii) When it was shared?

Phone call

Date: _____ Time: _____

Email with Concern Recording Form

Date: _____ Time: _____

(iv) What was the justification for sharing?

(v) Was information shared with or without consent?

Young Person [U18 Player] Yes / No*

Adult Yes / No*

**(delete as appropriate)*